THE AR T

RINGING

WHEREIN
Is laid down plain and
easie Rules for Ringing
all sorts of Plain Changes.

Together with
Directions for Pricking and
Ringing all Croft Peals; with
a full Discovery of the Mystery
and Grounds of each Peal.

AS ALSO
Instructions for Hanging of Bells,
with all things belonging thereumo.

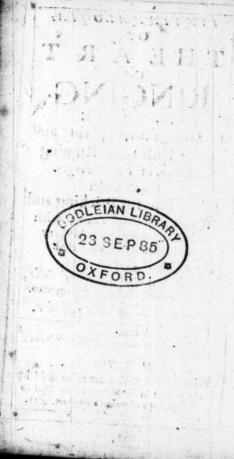
by a Lover of that ART.

A. Perfii Sat. V. Disco : sed ira cadat naso, rugosaque sanna,

LONDON;

Printed for F. S. and are to be Sold by The Archer, at his Shop under the Dyal of St. Dunfan's Church in Flore free, 1671.

P. 21. 1x. 65 mus: 2115



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owe . H T OUT leles be-

Pho Fpiffe De

NOBLE SOCIETY

OF

COLLEDGE-YOUTHS.

GENTLEMEN,

Have seen a Treatise, intituled, de Tintimabulisthat is, of little Bells, the
Language Latin, but pen'd
by a Dutchman, being a
Discourse of striking Tunes on little Bells with traps under the feet;
with several Books on several Instruments of Musick, and Tunes
rick't for the same: Then conidering that the Well-wishers to
other of them, took great pains to
make plain the use of them, I
bought it worth a Dayes labour,
a write something on this Art or
icience, that the Rules thereof
might

The Epistle Dedicatory.

might not be lost and obscured to some, as the Chronicles before William the Conqueror, being given only by Tradition from Father to Son. Wherefore I humbly intreat you favourably to accept this small Treatise, as a foundation whereon may be raised a famous Structure; and if any one objects a fault, excuse it with the Ringing term—He was Over-boll'd—So you will much oblige him that is a Well-wisher to your Reare-ation.

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with several wooks on secretization for the second transfer the several with the several with the several several several that the Well-willian several there is a several to the several that the several transfer is a several to the several transfer to the several to the several transfer transfer to the several transfer tra

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thought it worth a Dayer labour ,

On the Ingenious Art of RINGING.

Hat Musick is there that compar'd may be To well-tun'd Bells enchanting melody ! Breaking with their fweet found the willing Air, And in the liftning ear the Soul enfirme; The ravishe Air fuch pleasure loth to lose, With thousand Echoes Rill prolongs each close; And gliding streams which in the Vallies trills, Affifts its speed unto the neighbouring Hills; Where in the cooks diraves, with hollow grounds, The warbling lightfome Element rebounds This for the Musick : In the Action's Health, And every Bell is a Wit's Common-wealth; For here by them we plainly may discern, How that Civility we are to learn. The Treble to the Tenor doth give place, And goes before him for the better grace : But when they chance to change, 'tis as a dance, They foot A Galliard, a' la mode de France. An Eighteenfore's a figure dance, but Grandfire Hath the Jig-Reps: & Tendrings Peal doth answer The manner of Corants: A plain Six-score, Is like a Saraband, the motion flower. When Bells Ring round, and in their Order be, They do denote bew Neighbours should agree; A3

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On the Ingenious Art of Ringing.
But if they Clam, the harth found spoils the sport;
And tis like Women herping Door Court of
For when all ralk, there's now can lead an ear
The others story, and her own to hear;
But pull and hall, straining for to sputter
What they can hardly afford time to utter.

Like as a valiant Captain in the Field,
By his Conduct, doth make the Foe to yield;
Ev'n fo, the leading Bell heeping true time,
The rest de follow, none commits a Crime:
But if one Souldier runs, perhaps a Troop
Seeing him gone, their hearts begin to droop?
Ev'n fo the fault of one Bell spoils a Ring,
(And now my Pagafut has taken Wing.)

Lowether County we are to learn.

And goes before him for the better grace :

Decreased of course A plantagers

ming and in the Course of it is

when the standard and a R PON

Upon the Presentation of GRANDSIRE BO

To the

COLLEDG E. TOUTHS, By the

AUTHOR Of that PEAL.

Gentlemen of the Noble Crew A wind, which to my Noddle flew (upon a day when as it Snew;) Which to my Brains the Vapors drew, And there began to work and brew, Till in my Perieranium grew Conundrums, bow fome Peal that's New Might be Compos'd ? and to purfue Thefe thoughts (which did fo whet and bew My flat Invention) and to frem What might be done, I ftrait withdrew My felf to ponder - whence did accrue This Grandfire Bob, which unto you 1 Dedicate, as being due Mot properly ; for there's but few Befides,

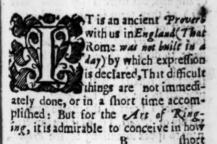
Upon the Preferration of, &c. Befides, fo ready at their 9-(Mpecially at the fift View) To apprehend a thing that's New; Though they'! pretend, and make a fbew, As if the intricat'ft they hnew; What Bob doth mean, and Grandfire True, And read the courfe without a Clue Of this new Peal : Yet though they ferem Their (hallow Brains, they'l ne're ung lue The Method on's (and I'm a Jew) If I don't think this to be true, They fee no more on't than blind Hugh, Well, let their tongues run Titere tu, Drink muddy Ale, or elfe French Lieve; Whil' It we our Sport and Art renews And dring good Sach till Sty looks blew, So Grandfire bids you All adien.

R.R.

ta me lich bereite - stirreg al. ?

A R T Ringing.

of the Beginning of Changes.



fhort a time it hath increased, that the very depth of its intricacy is found out: for within these Fifty or Sixty years last past, Changes were not known, or thought possible to be Rang: Then were invented the Sixes, being the very ground of a Six feore : Then the Twenty, and Twenty-four, with several other Changes. But Cambridge Forty-eight, for many years, was the greatest Peal that was Rang or invented; but now, neither Forty-eight, nor a Hundred, nor Seven-bundred and twenty, non any Number can confine us; for we can Ring Changes, Ad infinitum. Although Philosophers say, No Number is infinite, because it can be numbred; for infinite is a quantity that cannot be taken or affigned, but there is (infinitum quoal nos) as they term it, that is infinite in respect of our apprehension: Therefore a Ringers knowledge may feem in finite to dive so infinitely into such an infinite Subject; but leaft my Discourse should be infinite, I will conclude it, and proceed to the Peals following.

Before I Treat of the method and diversity of Peals, I think it not imperiment to speak something of the Properhe

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ties wherewith a Tong Ringer ought to be qualified, and then proceed to the Peals. First then, before he is entred into a Company, it is presupposed, that he is able to Set a Bell Fore-ftroke and Back froke, as the terms are : Next, that he know how to Ring Round, or Under-fally : Then, that he may be complete, it is convenient, that he understand the Tuning of Bells ; for what is a Musician, unleis he can Tune his Infrument, although he plays never fo well? To do which, ler him learn on fome Inframent, or Wer-Bells, to know a Third, Fifth, and Sighth, which are the principal Concords : Or otherwife, let him get a Pipe called a Piteb-pipe, which may be made by any Organ-maker, to contain eight Notes, or more, (according to his pleasure) with their Flats and Sharps, which will be very ufeful in the Tuning of Bells. And then this is a general Rule, begin at the Tosnor, or biggeft Bell, and count 3 whole Notes, then a half Note, or Sharp, 3 whole Notes, then a balf Note, or Sharp; and fo on, until you come to the leaft Bell of Treble. For example on for Bells, 1:234, here the 432 are whole Notes,

Notes, and the half Note or Sharp is between 1 and 2. On Fine Bells 12:345 the 543 are whole Notes and the half Note or Sharp is between 2 and 3. On Six, 123:456 the half Note or Sharp is between 3 and 4. On Eight Bells , 1:2345:678, one half Note or Sharp is between s and 6 and the other between 1 and 2. On Ten, 123:4567:8910 ; here one balf Note is between 7 and 8 , and the next between 3 and 4. On Twelve Bells, 12:345:6789110 11 12. Here one balf Note or Sharp is between 9 and 10, the next between 5 and 6, and the other between 2 and 3. which last is made contrary to the former Rule, it being but two whole Notes from the next balf Note to it; the reason is this, the Ninth is one whole Note below the Eighth, therefore the 2 must be a whole Note below the Treble, otherwise they would not be a true Eighth, therefore the half Note is put between 2 and 3. Now he that hath these Rules, and a good ear to judge of the Concords, may at any time cast his Verdict (as to Bells, whether theylare well in Twne or not) amongst the chief of the Company.

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A Change is made between two Rells that strikes next to each other, by removing into each others places, as in these two Figures 1,2. make a Change between them, and they will stand 2, 1; which is called a Changes make another Change between them, and they will stand in their tight places, as at first, 1,2. These two Changes are all that can be made on two Bells.

The Changes on three Bells.

On shree Bells there are fix feveral Changes to be made; in Ringing of which, there is one Bell to be observed, which is called the Hunt, and the other two are Extream Bells (but they cannot properly be so called, because every Bell hunts in the fix Changes; yet because 'tis commonly Rang by observing a Hunt and two Extream Bells, I will therefore proceed in that course.) The name of Hunt is properly given to it, because of its continual motion up and

down amongst the other Bells, which motion is called Hunting, and the other swo are called Extream Bells, because when the Hunt is either before or behind them, that is at the Extream, for utmost place, there is a Change then to be made between them, called an Extream Change. There are two several wayes to King the fix Changes. One whereof is to make the Treble the Hunt, and the other way is to make the Tenor the Hunt. I will give an Example in bunsing the Treble, the Bells are supposed to stand thus.

Now the Treble must be hunted up over the Second and Third, which is to be done, by making a Change between the Treble, and each of those two Bells in order; therefore first I remove the Treble up over the Second, into the secondsplace, by making a Change between the Treble and Second, thus.

The Treble being removed up over the Second, it must next be semoved up over the Third, as in this Change.

234

Alwayes

Alwayes observe, that when the Hunt moves from the foremost Bell toward the hindmost, then it hours up, as in the Changes next before; but when it moves or bunes from the hindmost Bell, toward the Bell that leads, then it hunts down, as appears by the Changes following. The Treble being bunted up behind the Extream Bells, an Extream Change is next to be made between them. -

Here you may observe, that if the Hunt had been bunted down without an Extream Change first made, those Changes in bunting it down, would have been the fame with those that were

made in banting it up.

The Extream Change being made, the Treble must be bunted down again before the Bells thus.

The Treble being now hunted down, the next is to be an ExtreamChange .which is the last Change of the fix.

The other way to Ring the fix Changes, is, to make the Tener the Hunt, which being behind already, it

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8 The Art of Ringing. must first be bunted down, as in	the
Changes. The Third, which is the Hunt, being hunted down before the Bells, the Extream Change must next be made between the 2, and 1. which are the Extream Bells,	13:31:
The Extream Change being made, the Third must be hunt-	321
The Third being hunted up, another Extream must be made, which brings the Bells round in	231

The Plain Changes on four Bells.

their right places .--

On four Bells, there are Twenty four faveral Changes, in Ringing of which, there is one Bell called the Hunt, and the other three are Extream Bells; the Hunt moves, and bunts up and down continually, and lies but once in one place, except only when it comes before or behind the Bells, at which time it lies there twice together; it has the fame course here, as in the fix Changes before

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fore set down; two of the Extreme Bells makes a Change every time the Hunt comes before or behind them. An Example I will here give, making the Treble the Hunt, and the Extreme Changes I make between the two farthest Extreme Bells from the Hunt. I set down the four Figures, representing the four Lells; thus.

The Treble must now be bunted up behind the Bells, where it is to lie twice together, and then to bunt down before them, where it must lie twice, and then bunt up again as before. The Hum is alwayes one of the two Bells which makes every Change, except only when it comes before or behind the Bells, and it moves only over one Bell at a time; 'tis to be hunted up after this manner.

The Trible being hunted up behind the Bells, as appears by the last Changer, the next is to be an Extream Change between the two farthest Extream Bells from the Hunt,

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which

10 . The Art of Ringin	
which are the Second an	d
Third, thus	- 3241
The Extream being made	3214
the Troble must be bunce	4 3124
down again , as in the	ie 1324
Changes.	- 1
The Treble being hunted down	n,
there is another Extream Change t	0
be made between the two farthe	
Bells from it, which are the Secon	1342
The Extream being made, th	4. 1. 2. 2
Treble must be hunted as before, an	d 3412
To to the end of the Peal, makin	8 2428
an Extream Change every time th	e 4224
Hunt comes before and behind the	4312
The Twenty-four Changes are t	The latest the second
be Rang another way in hunting u	
the Treble, which is, by making	8 1423
every Extream Change between th	e !
two nearest Bells to the Hunt, as i	n i
these Changes, first I hunt the Tre	
The Treble being hunted 213	
up, the Extream Change is 231	
so be made between the 3, 234	
and 4. which are the two	4143
nearestBells to it, as in this	1243
Change, and fo to the end 243	1 1234
of the Peal, making every Extream between the two	ME OF THE REAL
nearest Bells to the Hunt	sal miss
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The Art of Ringing.

These two wayes in Ringing the Twenty-four, differs only in making the Extream Changes, one whereof is to make them between the two farthest Extream Bells from the Hunt, and the other to make them between the two nearest Bells to it.

The Twenty-four Changes are to be Rang two wayes more in bunting down the Treble; one way, is to make the Extreams between the two farthest Bells from the Hunt; and the other, is to make them between the two nearest, as before. A short Example I will set down, the Pells stand thus. — | 1234

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The Treble should now be bunted down, but it being already before the Bells, infomuch that it can be removed no lower; therefore the first must be an Extream Change, either between the two nearest, or two farthest Bells from the Hunt at pleasure; the Extream being made, the Treble is to hunt up, and so to the end of the Peal, in the same course as before.

In hunting the Second, Third,

or Fourth, there is to be observed the fame course, as in bunting the Treble: A short Example I will iet down, in busting the Third up, and making the Extream Change between the two fartrelt Bells from it.

First, I hant up the third over 1243 the fourth; the Hunt being up, 2143 I make an extream between the 2134 treble and fecond, and then hunt 3314 down the third again, as in these | 3214 changes, which course is to be observed to the end of the Peal.

I have infifted the longer upon the directions to the Twenty-four changes, because it is the ground and method in Ringing all plain changes; and by understanding this aright, the Learner will more eafily apprehend the course of all p'ain and fingle changes whatfoever.

The Twenty-four plain changes are to b: Rang fixteen feveral wayes; in bunting one Bell, it is to be Rang four ways; that is, two wayes in hunting it up, and the other two wayes in bunting it down, (as appears in my directions before in bunting the treble:) so that in bunting the 4 Bells, 'tis to be Rang 4 times 4 wayes, which makes 16, fome of which Treble I have here fet down.

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Treble Hunt up, Extream between the a farthest Bells from it.	the a nearest	Extream be-	
12344312	12344231	123413421	
21344132		1243 3241	
	1342 3341		
	1432 3241		
	1423 3421		
32144213	1243 3412	1432 2431	
3142 4231	2143 3142	1342 4231	
13242431	2413 3124	1324 4213	
1342 2413	4213 3214	3124 1413	
3142 2143	4123 2314	3142 2143	
3412 1343	4132 2134	3412 2134	
3421 1234	4312 1234	4312 1234	
		4321	

Some persons do observe to Ring the Twenty-four changes with a whole Hunt, and half Hunt; but that is an impersed course; for there cannot be one half hunt only, but there will unavoidably be three half Hunts in one and the same Twenty-four; therefore I have set down the other way to ring it, by observing a hunt, and three extream Bells, which course is much more easie and true.

In

The Art of Ringing.

In the Twenty-four Changes are contained the fix Changes; the three Exeream Bells in the Twenty-four, makes the fix Changes in course, every extream change being one of the fix, and the Hunt hunting through each of the fix Changes, makes Twenty-four : For Example, take the three Extream Bells in the first Twenty-four fet down before, which are 234, and fet down the fix Changes on them, thus. 234

Now take the first Change, 334 which is 234, fet the Treble 342 before it, and hunt it through, 432 thus, . 1234 423 2134

The Treble being bunted up behinde, take the next Change of the fix, which is 324, fet it directly under the First, and bunt the Treble down through it, thus.

And fo take each of the other fix Changes, and huns the Treble through them, it will make Twentyfour.

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I will here infert two or three old Peals on five Bells, which (though rejected in these dayes, yet) in former times were much in the, which for Anriquity sake, I here set down. And first,

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The Twenty all over.

The course is this—every Bell hunts in order once through the Bells, until it comes behind them; and first the Treble hunts up, next the Second, and then the 3 4 and 5, which brings the Bells round in their right places again, at the end of the Twenty Changes, as in this following Peal.

This Peat is to be Rang, by hunt.

13451

ing the Bells down, beginning 34451

with the Tenor, next the fourth, 34451

and so the third, second, and tre34512

ble, which will bring the Bells 43512

round in course so before.

4312

45123

16 The Art of Ringing.

In this Poal, the Fifth and Fourth are both whole Hunts, each of which does hant down before the Bells by turns, and lies there twice together and then bests up again: The 1,2 and 3 goes the fix changes, one of which is made every time, either of the whole Hunts lies be. fore the Bells, as in the following Changes, where the fifth hunts down the firft and lying before the Bells, there is a change made between the 1 & 2, which is one of the fix changes; and then the fifth hunts up again into its place, and the fourth hunts down , which lying before the Bells there is another of the fix changes made between the 1 and 3, and then the fourth hunts up again, and the fifth bunts down next; in which course it continues to the end of the Peal, each of the whole Hunes lying but twice at one time before the Bells, as in thefe following changes.

				34215		41235
					51324	
				43125		12435
		42315			13524	1-547
		24315			13245	
1		23415			13425	
	21534	23145	32145	31524	14325	2 :
	21354	123154	32415	35114	41325	

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Wherein it is observed, that the Treble and Second does never come behind, neither does the Fifth and Fourth come before, as in the following Changes.

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The Plain Changes on five Bells.

There are Six-foore Changes to be Rang on five Bells, which are to be Rang, by observing a whole Hunt, a half Hunt, and three Extream Bells; the course of the whole Hunt, is the same with the Hunt in the Twenty. four Changes, and bunts up and down in the same manner. The balf Hun moves once, that is, over one Bell every time, the whole Hunt comes before and behind the Bells; but when the balf Hunt is removed either before or behind the Extrem Bells, then there it an Extream Change to be made. For Example, I make the Troble the whole Hunt, and bunt it up; and the Second the balf Hunt, and balf bunt it up, making every Extream Change between the two farthest Extream Bells from the balf Hunt; the Extrem Bells are the Third, Fourth, Fifth: Now observe, that whereas in the Twenty-four Changes, an Extream Change Was always made, when the whole Hunt came before or behind the Bells, in these Six-fore Changes ve

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Changes an Extream is alwayes to be made, when the half Hunt comes before or behind the Extream Bells : first the Treble is to be boured up, as in thefe Changes. 12345 The whole Hunt being bunt- 21345 ed up, the Second, which is the 23145 balf Hant, must be bunted 23415 up over one Bell, as in this 23452 Change .-The balf Hunt being re moved up over one Bell, the whole Hunt muft be bunter down again, as in these Chan-The whole Hunt being buit - 32 145 ed down , the balf Him is 32245 to be removed up lover like 13245 Fourth , which is the next Bell to it. -13435/ The whole Hunt is to h .up as before. --Now the half Hant is to 34235 be bunted up over the Fifth, 34215. which is the next Bell to it, 34251 thus. --Here the Second, which is the half Hunt , is removed quite up behind the Extreme Bells ; I Front

Bells ; yet the Extream Change is not to be made, until the whole Hunt has removed down through the Bells, as in these Changes .--

And it is a conflant Rule. that whenfoever the balf Hunt has removed up behind the Extream Bells , or down before them, the whole Hunt must bunt through the Bells , before the Extream Change is made, as in the laft Change but four, which is 3,4,5,2,1. the Second being the balf Hant, is removed up behind the 3,4, and 5. which are the Ex. tream Bells; and then the whole Hunt being behind, bunts immediately down; and now the Extreame Change is to be made between the 3, and 4. which are the two farthest Extream Bells from the balf Hunt, as in this Change .--

The Extream being made, the whole Hunt and half 34511 34152

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Hunt

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The last is the Extreams
Change, which is made between the Third and Fifth;
and this course is to be observed to the end of the Six-

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12435

CoreChanges, which is fet de that large at the end of the directions to this Peal,

Another thort Example I will infere which is Second down, and Fourth up, (for that is the common Phrase amongs Ringers) whereby 'tis alwayes to be observed, that the first Bell which is me med, is the whole Hunt, and the second that is named, is the balf Hint, as here in you may perceive; where Second down, is meant, that the Second Bell is the whole Hunt, and to hunt down the firft Change; and the Fourth Bell is the half Hunt, and to balf bunt up, thatis, to move up towards the hindmost Bell the first time it moves at the beginning of the Peal; which are only directions in making the first Changes, for one whole Hunt and hatf Hunt may be hunted feveral wayes, either up or down at pleasure. First, I bunt down the Second .-

The Second being bunted 21345 down , the Fourth , which is the balf Hunt, must be removed up over one Bell, thus: -

The half Hant being removed, I must been up the

Second.

The Art of Ringing.

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Second, as in these Changes .- 11354. Now the Fourth, which 13254. is the half Huns, being be- 13524 hind the Extream Bells, the 13542 next is to be an Extream 31543 Change , which may be made 31524 either between the two far- 31254 theft Bells from the half 32154 Hunt, or the two nearest to 23154 it ; and after the Extream 23145 Change is made, the whole Hunt and balf . Hunt must be bunted as before. These Six-Score Changes of Second and Fourth, I have fer down at large, at the end of my directions to these Changes on five Bells.

In every Six-score, the Extream
Changes may be made either between
the two farthest Extream Bells from
the balf Hunt, or between the two
nearest to it, observing to make all the
Extreams in one Six-score alike; that
is, if you make the first Extream Change
between the two farthest Extream Bells
from the balf Hunt, you must make
all the following Extreams in the same
Six scire between the two farthest Ex-

treams

24 The Art of Ringing.

tream Bells also; or if you make the first Extream in any Six-score between the two nearest to the half Hunt, you must make all the following Extreams in the same Six-score between the two nearest also.

The Six-score plain and single Changes, are to be Rang Eight-score several wayes; for although there are but Six-score several Changes on five Bells, yet by altering the whole Hunt, the half Hunt, and Extreams, the course of the Changes are so altered, that the same Changes doe not come all along together in any two of those Eight-score

wayes.

With one whole Hunt, and half Hun, the Six-score Changes are to be Rang, or set down eight several wayes; one way, is by hunting the whole Hunt, and half Hunt both up; the second way, is by hunting the whole Hunt and half Hunt both down; the third way, is in hunting the whole Hunt up, and the half Hunt down; the fourth way, is by hunting the whole Hunt down, and the half Hunt up; each of these sour wayes is to be Rang two wayes more; one is, in making the Extreams between the

the two farthest Extream Bells from the half Hunt, and the other way is in making them between the two peared; for Example, in making the treble the whole Hunt, and second the half Hunt, the Six-score are to be Rang eight several Wayes (viz.)

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Extream Changes to be made between the 2 fartheff Extream Bells from the half Hunt.

both up .--Treble and [econd both down-Treble down, and Second up -Treble up, and fecond down-

Treble and fecondy Extream Changes to be made between the two nearest Extream Bells to the half Hunt, which is called Mediums.

On five Bells there are 20 Hunts. (i.e.) a whole Hunt, and half Hunt twenty times, and not one; and the fame whole Hunt, and half Hunt twice, as appears

appears by the following Figures, when they fland two and two together; of of which is the whole fruit, and the other the half Hunt : for Example, a highest Figures are 1,2 where the treble is the whole Hunt and the second the half Hunt. The two next Figures are 1.2 where the treble is the whole Hunt, and the third the half Hunt ; and likewise the two last, or lowest Figures, are 5.4 the fifth is the whole Hunt, and the fourth the half Hunt; and fo of all the reft, the first Figure representing the whole Hunt, and the next to it the half Hunt.

So that here being ewenty Hunts, and every one making eight Six-scores (as in the Example of treble and (econd) that is twenty (which are the number of Hunts;) multiplied by eight (which are the number of Six-scores made by each | 5.1 Hunt) does produce Eightscore several wayes to Ring the Six-score Changes.

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5.2

In the Six-score Changes are comprehended the Twenty-four, and the Six Changes: The Twenty-four Changes are made between the half Hunt, and the three Extream Bells; and the Six are made between the Extream Bells alone: The half Hunt in the Six-score, is the whole Hunt in the Twenty-four; and there is one Change in the Twenty-four made every time the whole Hunt comes before and behind the Bells; and one Change in the Six made every Extream: So that the Six-score rightly understood, is nothing else but hunting the half Hunt through every Change of the Six , which makes Twenty-four Changes; and then hunting the whole Hunt through each Change of the Twenty-four, which makes Six-score; for inflance, in the first Six-score before fet down, where the treble is the whole Hunt, the second the half Hunt, and the 345 the Extream

I tak:

28 The Art of Rillying.

I take the Extream Bells, and fet down the fix Changes on them thus.

Now I take the first of the fix, which is 345, and set the second (which was the half Hunt in the Six-score) to it, and bunt it up behind thus.

Now I take the second 3245 Change of the fix, which is 3425 435, and set it directly un-3452 der 345, and the second Bell to it, and hunt it down

The fecond being hunted 4325 through the Change, I take 4235 the third Change in the fix, 2435 which is 453, and hunt the fecond Bell through it, as before.

And in the same course, 4253
the second being hunted 4523
through each Change of the 4532
fix, will make Twenty-four,
one Change of the fix, hunting the second Bell through
it, makes four Changes; so
that the fix Changes by
hunting the second through

each

345

435

453

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534

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345

Now take the next Change of 21345 the Twenty-four, which is 3245, 23145 fet it under the other Change, 23415 and hunt the Treble through it 23452 thus.

And in the same manner, 32415 hunting the Treble through each 32145 Change of the Tweaty-sour, will 31245 produce Twenty-sour times five 13245 Changes, which makes Six-score; one Change of the Twenty-sour (in hunting the Treble through it) makes five Changes.

In every Six-score on 5 Bells, there are 6 Extream Changes, there being twenty Changes from one Extream to another.

It would be an endless undertaking to set down all these Peals at large, but for the convenience of the Learner, I have set down some part of several of them, which may with ease be prickt out to the end of each Peal, as the Learner pleases.

Note,

ch

Note, That in the following Peals there is a Line drawn at each Extream Change between the Figures, to shew where the Extreams are made; as in the next Peal there is a Line drawn between the Figures just 20 Changes from the beginning of the Peal, the Change next after the Line is the Extream Change, which is 14352, and so of the rest; the Change next following each Line is the Extream.

Treble and second both up, Extream between the two farthest Extream Bells from the half trans

Tromitte Dat Cont.					
32341	44352	24153	154312	25341	25241
21345	48142	34512	54321	5234I	35214
				52314	
				13144	
23451	43251	42513	54133	51134	13524
				15234	
				15324	
32145	41325	14253	15243	51324	32154
31245	14325	14523	51243	53124	32514
				53214	
13415	41235	45 123	52413	53241	23541
31425	42135	45213	52431	53421	23514
			25431		23154
34215	42351	45321	25413	53142	21354
			25143		12354
34521	24315	45132	21543	15342	-
			12543		12345
34152	21435	14532		13542	
			12534		1 1 1 1
			21534		di m
	12453	51432	25134	35412	

14352 21453 54132 25314 35421

Treble

Trable up fifeh dame, Extreams between the two far theft Extream Belle from the half Hunt.

12345	25448	45/12 3:	41426	13214
21345	25043	45213	14325	13241
23145	31543	45231	2.00	35241
33415		54431		
23451	1:2:443		31415	35124
13541	31453	54143	34445	31534
23514	34111	\$ 6443	34315	13534
23154	34513	11413	34351	13354
31354	34131	-	34541	31354
11354	24351		34512	31154
12534	24315		34152	31514
31534	24135		31453	31541
25134	21435		13452	32451
25314	11435	54321	13543	33415
35341		45321		32145
5234T	14235		35143	31245
52314	41335		35412	13345
52134	42135		35421	
51234			53421	12345
	42351		53412	
			131142	
			51342	
51243	42152	43512	11342	
52143	41253	43521	_	
	14258		15324	- 3
5243I	14513	43215	\$1224·	
2543I.	41523	43124	13124	

Second

Second down, and foureh up, Extream between the two farthoft Bells from the half Hunt.

```
43125
22 345 [
        23145
        32145
               43153
31345
21354
        31245
               43513
       31455
13354
               43521
12254
        31453
13524
       34153
               4335 E
               41371
13542
        34125
       34314
               24353
       31415
               2345E
31549
       12415
31434
21194
       14315
31114
       45315
31154
       43315
```

Second and third both down, Extream between the two farthest Extream Bells from the half Hunt.

```
12345 31542 12524
31345
      31524 13542
                   15243
23145
      $1254 15342 25423
32145
      32154
             15334
31245
      23154
             15234
31425
      21354
             12534
                    11422
3 6452
      12354
             31534
                    $1242
      13254 21543
                    52143
```

Third

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Third and fifth both up, Extream between the two farthest Extream Bells from the balf Hunt.

18345	33145	29143	51314:
12435	32145	25134	51134:
11453	32154	25314	53143
-	23154	23514	
21453	11354	32514	72413 -
	31534		
21345	21543	53214	- 1510

Fourth down, Treble up , Extream between the two nearest Extream Bells to the half Hunt.

			* 7.11	1000
12345	45315	15134	15343	45113
13435	42351	31534	15423	45231
142 35	24351	21543	14533	54131
41235	23451	21453	41923	5343T
42135	13541	34153	45123	52 341
24185	23514	42153	54123	52314
	-			
	25314			
	24531			
	41513			27.63
	14513			1152
	25413			
	25143			

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Fifth down, treble up, Extream Changes between the two farthest Extream Bells from the Half Hunt.

	1.		
12345	21354	15341 5	341
11954	21341	23544 5	214
12434	23145	23491 31	214
15234	23154	23445 31	514
51234	23514	33415 3	154
92134	25314	32451 31	145
	52314		1245
31534	1 52341	35241 3	1254
both	down.	both	down.
12345	13524	12345	23154
12354	31524	21345	23514
21354	35124	21354	32514
23154	35214	12354	35214
23514	35241	13254	35124
23541	35421	13524	35143
32541	8477 8	13542	35412
32514	81 12 12	31542	C LES S

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The Changes on fix Bells.

On fix Bells there are Seven-hundred and twenty Changes to be made; but there are Peals of Six-Rore and Twelvefore Changes to be Rang on them. The Six-score Changes are to be made, by observing a whole Hung and half Hunt, which are to be bunted in the fame course, as in the She score on five Bells, and the Extream Changes to be made by the fame Rule as they were on five Bells, The only difference between the Six-foore on-the Belley and those on five, are this ; whereas on five there are but three Extream Bells, on lix there are four Extream Bells, And on five Bells, there are for Extream Changes in every Six-score; but on fix, there are but four Extream Changes, And moreover , . whereas in every Six-score on five Bells, the Changes were the fame in each, although altered in course; but the Changes on fix Bells are not the fame in each, for several Six-scores has several Changes, one Six-score having many Changes which another has not, as in this Peal, treble and second both up; which is,

D 2. 123456

			1
113,456	43516	1 24361	1 134628
213456	431561	1 24365	314625
231456	413561		
234156	143561	4236T	346125
234516	143526	41316	346219
- 234561	413526		
334561.	431526	41236	341651
324516	435126		
334196	435216	143269	
321456	435361	413269	
313456	432561	431265	
133456	432516	43.8 165	134165
134256	432156	432619	132465
314256	431156	433651	312465
341256	413256	436351	331465
3421 56	143156	436211	324165
343516	142356	43 6125	324615
342161	412356	431625.	344651
	431356	443625	334651
	433156	143615	274619
	423516	143652	234165
	433561	413652	231469
314526	243561	431652	213469.
134526	2435.16	436152	123465
	143156	436512	S. Millians
	2413564	436511	113456
341961	14956	Service V	Startus oil
345163	124356	346941	Snotte deur
345612		346512	
345631 1	14365	346152	3
124	14365	341652	C I CASI
	41365	314652	S. 000 '8
		water days and	The state of the s
42) 417-1 7	43169	134672 E	C CONTROL S

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There are other Peals to be Rang on fix Bells, as Six-fcores on the five [malleft, the tenor lying behind all the way. Treble and second, or treble and fifth, with the tenor lying behind, makes very good Musick : Of which Peals I need not give you any Example, these Sixscores being the same with those on five Bells fet down before, 15 How I sler

The Twelve-fcore Changes being only part of the Seven-hundred and twenty, and confequently the course of each being one and the fame , I will therefore shew the course and method of the Seven-hundred and twenty, wherein the Twelve-score Changes are also infore or behind the parents Be

cluded.

bai

In Ringing the Seven-hundred and Twenty, there is a whole Hunt, a half! Hunt, a quarter Hunt, and three Extream Bells; the whole Hunt and half Hunt does hunt in the same course and? method, as they did in the Six-fcore on? five Bells, and in the laft Six-fcore ; and the quarter Hunt removes in the fame course under the half Hunt, as the half Hunt does under the whole Hunt: for instance, when the whole Hunt is hunted either before or behind the Bells, then D 2

the shalf Hunt removes over one Bell : and when the half Hunt is removed bo fore or behind the quarter Hunt and Extream Bells (at which time in a Six-score the Extream is made) then the quarter Hunt removes over one Bell, in the fame course as the half hut moves, when the whole Hunt is before or behind. An Example I will fet down, which is 3.2 and a all up, that is to fay, treble the whole Hunt, and to huntup, fecond the half Hunt, and to half hunt up, and third the quarter Hunt, and to quarter hunt up 4.5 and 6 are Extream Bells; there is alwayes an Extream Change to be made, when the quarter Hunt comes before or behind the Extream Bells, there ate two wayes to make the Extreams. which are the fame here as in the Sixscore on five, and made by the same Rule. I will here make it between the two farther Extream Bells from the quarter Hunt. Now the treble and fecond being the whole Hunt and half Hunt must be hunted in the fame course. as in the Six-foore on five Bells , after this manner, and add to the sale topic

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either before or behind the Belle, then 123456

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The half Hunt being hunted up, the third is to remove up over one Bell, and then the whole Hunt and half Hunt to remove again thus.

435621 431526 413256 243561 435612 435126 143256 243546 43562 435216 142356 243156 431562 435361 412356 241356 43562 432561 42356 224356 143562 432516 423156 124356 143526 432156 423516 413526 432156 423561

The whole Hunt and half Hunt being hunted dawn, the quarter Hunt must remove up over the fifth, and then the whole Hunt and half Hunt must hunt up again, as in the following Changes.

245 361

The whole Hunt and half Hunt being bunted up, the quarter Hunt must he removed quite up over the fixth, as is this Change 456321, the quarter Hunt being bunted up behind the Extream Bells, yet the Extream Change is not to be made, until the whole Hunt and half Hunt have both removed thorough the Bells, as in thefe Changes.

> 456312 456231 451631. 415.672 24563 I.L 456213 421563

It is to be observed for a constant Rule, that when the quarter Hunt removes either quite up behind the Extream Bells, or down before them, the whole Hunt and half Hunt must hunt through the Bells before the Extream Change is to be made, as appears by the last Changes.

The Extream Change is now to be made between the 4 and 5, being the two farthest Extream Bells from the third, which is the quarter Hunt, thus.

The Extream being made, the whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt must be bunted as before; and first the whole Hunt and half Hunt are to be bunted up, as in these Changes.

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The whole Hunt and half Hunt being hunted up, the quarter Hunt must hunt down under the sixth, which is the next Bell to it, and then the whole Hunt and half Hunt must hunt down again, as in the Changes following.

543621 541326 514236 254361 543612 543126 154236 254316 543162 543216 152436 25436 541362 543261 512436 251436 544362 542361 521436 215436 154362 542316 524136 125436 154326 542136 524136 125436 514326 542236 544361

The quarter Hunt must be hunted down under the Fourth, and then the whole Hunt and half Hunt are to hunt magain, as appears by these Changes.

125346 523146 532416 153461 215346 521346 532461 513461 251346 512346 534261 531461 253146 152346 534216 534161 253416 153246 534126 534611 253461 53246 531426 534611 523461 531246 513426 523461 532146 153426

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Now the quarter Hunt is to be bunted down before the Extream Bells, and then the whole Hunt and half Hunt to hunt again before the Extream Change is made.

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354621 351426 315246 235461 354612 354126 135246 235416 354162 354216 132546 235146 351462 354261 312546 231546 315462 352461 321546 213546 135462 352461 32546 123546 135462 352146 325466 135426 251246 325466

The quarter Hunt being before the Exeream Bells, the Extreme Change of to be made:

Here are just Twelve-score Changes already set down, and the Bells may either be brought round, and so make an end at the Twelve-score, or else proceed forward to the end of the Seven hundred and twenty. If the Bells are not brought round here, they cannot come round, until the Seven-hundred and twenty Changes are all made, and then they come round in course. To bring the Bells round at the end of these Twelve-

Twelve-score Changes, the Extream is to be made between the 5 and 4, which were the two Bells that made the last Extream Change, and brings them round in their right places again, as appears by these Figures 123456.

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There are but two Extream Changes in every Twelve-score, wherein 'tis confantly observed, that the last Extream Change is to be made between those two Bells which made the first Extream, otherwise the Bells would not come sound at the end of the Twelve-score.

Here I have somewhat deviated from my directions before, in making the Ertream Changes; for in the last Change, which is 123456, I made the Extrem between the two nearest Extream Bells to the quarter Hunt; but the Twelve fcore Changes are an imperfect Peal, being only a third part of the Changes which are to be made on fix Bells, and therefore not to be brought round, unless the last Extream Change is made out of course. To have proceeded forward in the 720, the last Extream should have been made between the 4 and 6, which are the two farthest Extream Bells from the quarter / funt, the Change next before ch at ad by

ve ch on ore he the Extream, is 123546; now the 4 and 6 making an Extream Change, the Bells fland thus, 123564; the Extream being made, the whole bunt, half bunt, and quarter hunt are to be hunted as before, and the Extream Changes to be made between the two farthest Extream Bells from the quarter hunt, which course will bring the Bells round in their right places at the end of the 720. In every 720, there are fix Extream Changes, there being Six-score Changes between each. The Twelve-score Changes are to be Rang with any whole hant, half bunt, and quarter bunt, observing to make the last Extream Change between those two Bells which made the first.

The 720 plain Changes are to be rang or fet down One thousand four hundred and forty several wayes, by altering the whole hunt, half bunt, quarter bunt, and Extream Bells (but the course of each is the same with that which is before set down) which I thus demonstrate. On 6 Bells, there are 120 several bunts, (viz.) a whole bunt, half bunt, and quarter bunt Six-score several times, and not one and the same whole bunt, half bunt, and quarter bunt twice, as appears by these Figures.

These Figures stand three and three together, each three represents the three Hunts; that is, the first is the whole Hunt, the second Figure the half Hunt, and the third the quarter Hunt; for Example, the first three are 1 23, the trable is the whole Hunt, the second the half Hunt, and the third the quarter

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The next three Pigures are 734, there the treble is the whole Hunt, the fecond the half Hunt, and the fourth the quarter Hunt; and the last three Figures are 654, where the fixth is the whole Hunt. the fifth the half Hunt, and the fourth the quarter Hunt, and fo of all the reft.

With one whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, the Seven-hundred and twenty Changes are to be Rang, or fet down twelve leveral wayes; for in-Rance, take the first three Hunts in these Figures, which are 123, where the treble is the whole Hunt, the fecond the half Hope, and the third the quarter Hunt. which may be hunted fix feveral wayes, as followeth.

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and third up _ J quarter Hunt.

Treble, Second and Each of thefe are to third, all up -_ | be Rang two wayes, Treble and second one is to make the sp, third down- Extreams between Treble up, fecond | the two fartheft Exand third down tream Bells from the Treble, Second and Quarter Hunt , and Troble and fecond down, third uptroble down, second between the two next Bells to the

By

By treble, fecond and tnird all up, is meant, that the treble is the whole bont and to hunt up the first Change as the beginning of the Peal; the second is the half bunt, and to half huat up ; that is. to move up towards the hindmost Bells the first time it moves at the beginning of the Peal; and the third is the quarter bunt, and to move likewife toward the hindmost Bells the first time it removes. And by treble and fecond up and third down, is meant, that the treble and second are to move up towards the hindmost Bell, the first time each re moves at the beginning of the Peal; and the third being the quarter buns, is to move down the first time, which are only directions for moving the bunts at first, because they may be hunted either up or down.

Sometimes it happens, that the hunts cannot be hunted that way which is propojed, as in the 720, treble, second and third all down. -122456

The whole hunt which is the treble, should now be hunted down; but it being already before the Bells, infomuch that it can be removed no lower; I should therefore remove the half built

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down, but that being also down as low sit can go, I should move the quarter bunt; and that being also down before the Extream Bells, I can move it no lower, unless I should move it down under the second, which is the half hunt, which must not be done; for when the quarter hunt is down next before the Extream Bell, it must be removed no lower: and when it is up next behind the Extream Bell, it is to be removed m no higher; therefore it being now bafore the Extream Bell, the Extream Change is to be made the first of all; and when that is done, the treble fecond and third must be hunted up in course. Or if ou make treble and second down, and hird up, then the first Change is to be mide, by moving the quarter Hunt up over one Bell. And again, if you make Treble and Tenor both up, and Third down, first hunt up the Treble, and then the Tenor, which is the half Hunt, hould be moved up; but it being alleady behin 1, the quarter Hunt, which is the Third, must move under one Bell, and then the whole Hunt and half are to hint in course after each other: Many Examples of this Nature I could fet

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down, which for brevity take I o-

I might demonstrate how the 720 are to be Rang twelve wayes, with each of the Six-score Hunts, as I did that of tre-ble, second and third; but I think that altogether needless, since that Example makes it most plain and easie to be understood: But I will give a general Rule for hunting any whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, so as to produce six several wayes to Ring the 720 Changes, which is this:

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Whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, all hunted up.

Whole Hunt, and half Hunt hunted up, and quarter Hunt down.

Whole Hunt hunted up, balf Hunt and quarter Hunt down.

Whole Huns, baif Hunt, and quarter Hunt hunted down.

Whole Hunt and half Hunt hunted down, and quarter Hunt up.

Whole Hunt bunted down, balf Hunt and quarter Hunt bunted up.

Which is a general Rule to Ring the 720 fix wayes on any one of the Six-

fore Hunts; each of which fix wayes, may be Rang two wayes more, by altering the Extream Changes, one of which is to make the Extream Changes between the two next Extream Bells to the quarter Hunt, and the other way is to make the Extreams between the two fatheft Extreams Bells from it.

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The 720 Changes are to be Rang 12 sayes with one whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt; so that with the Six-store Hunts, it is to be Rang Six-store imes twelve wayes, which makes One thousand four hundred and forty several sayes to Ring this 720 plain Changes.

In the 720, the half Hunt, the quarter Hunt, and the three Extream Bells, makes the Six-score Changes on 5 Bells na perfect course, the half Hunt and warter hunt in the 720, being the whole Hunt and half Hunt in the Six-score; for Example, take the 23456, and fet down the Six-score Changes on them, miking the fecond the whole hunt, and the third the half hunt; which when you hive fet down, then take the Treble, and hunt it through every Change of that Six-score, and it will make 720 Chanes, the same with those which I have E 2 fet let down before, The Twenty-four Changes on four Bells, and the fix changes on three Bells, have also a perfect course in the 720, in the same manner as I told you they had in the Six-scores on five Bells. There is alwayes one change in the Six-score made every time the whole hunt comes before or behind the bells, which is every fixth change; and there's one change of the Twentyfour made, every time the whole hunt and half hunt comes before or behind the bells, which is once in thirty changes; and one change of the fix made every extream, that is once in fix-fcore changes. You may take the fix-score changes on five bells, treble the whole, and second the half hunt, before set down; and hunt the fixth bell through every change of that fix fcore, which will make the 720 changes : Tenor the whole hunt, Treble the half hunt, and Second the quarter hunt.

This is not material for a Learner to know, it being only for the infructions of the fractions of the true ignorant of the true grounds thereof; therefore I have diffected it, and showed the grounds of each part of it.

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In this place, I will add a word or two to those that practise to Ring the Changes.

dey that Ring the extream bells in the Twenty-four changes, must mind and observe the motion of the unt, that they may the better know when to make the extream changes; and likewise in a fix-score on five bells, he mat Rings the half hunt, must observe the motion of the whole hunt ; and they hat Ring the extream bells, must observe the motions both of the whole hunt, and hilf hunt, that they may know when the alf hunt is to move, and also when to mike the extream changes; or elfe he that does Ring the half hunt, may give notice of the extream changes (by faying Extream) the change next before the extream is to be made. The fame is to be observed in the changes on fix bells. The whole hunt is the easiest bell to Ring in any changes, and the half hunt s more plain and case to Ring, than an atteam bell. All changes are to be Rang either by walking them (as the

term is) or elfe Whole-pulls, or Halfpulls. By walking them, is meant, that the bells go round, four, fix, eight times, or more, in one change, which is commonly used by young Practisers ; it may be sometimes on five bells, Ringing the Twenty-four changes on the treble, second, third, and fourth, the fifth bell firking behind every change; and many other changes of the like nature may be practifed this way by young Ringers. Whole-pulls, is to Ring two Rounds in one change, that is, Foreftroke and Back-ftroke, and in a change; so that every time you pull down the bells at Sally, you make a new change differing from that at the Back-ftroke next before; this Whole-pulls was altogether practifed in former time , but of late there is a more quick and ready way practifed, called Half-pulls, which is -only once round in a change, that is, one change made at the Fore-froke, and another at the Back-firoke, which way is now altogether in use (unless it be at some great bells, which are too weighty to be managed up so high a Compass at the Back-froke, as Half-pulls requires) it being new a common thing in London to

to Ring the 720 Changes, Trebles and Doubles, and Grandfire Bob, Half pulls, (which is commonly Rang with for round and quick a Compais, that in the space of hilf an hour, or little more, the 720 Changes are Rang out from the beginning to the end.) And also the Six-scores Doubles and Singles, Old Doubles, Grandsire, and many other cross Peals on five bells, are commonly Rang Half-pulls.

In Ringing Half-pulls, some Peals do cut Compass, that is—the whole bank comes to lead at the Back-stroke, to remedy which, make the first change of

the Peal at the Back-stroke.

By these following Rules, you shall know what Peals do cut Compass, and what not (i.e.) of plain and single changes. On fix Bells,

In hunting either the treble, the third, or the fifth bells down, cuts Compais; hunting them up, does not cut Com-

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In hunting the second, fourth, or fixth bells up, cuts Compass; but hunting them down, does not cut Compass.

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These Rules (leaving out the Tennor) serves for five bells; and leaving out the fifth and Tenor, they serve for four bells.

The

Twelve Score LONG HUNTS:

ESQUIRE'S Twelve-Score.

This Peal is to be Rang on fix bells, having two whole huns, and one half huns; the common way of Ringing, it is to make the fifth and Tenor the whole hunss, and the Treble the half hunt. The Tenor and fifth does each huns down by turns, and when either of them comes down before the bells, it leads twice, and then hunss up again.

The Treble, second, third, and fourth, makes the Twenty-four changes, one of which is made every time either of the whole hunts leads: For instance, the Tenor is first to be hunt-

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The Art of Ringis	8. 57
ed down, thus	
The tenor being hunted down,	
and lying before the belle,	123645
there is one change in the	
between treble and second,	612345
* thus.	621345
The tenor is to be bunted up	261345
into its place, and the fifth	216345
son alles with the	213645
	213465
the solution and last the	213456
The fifth being now before the	213546
in the Twenty four to be	251346
made between the treble and	521346
third, as in this change.	523146
The fifth is now to hunt up, and	253146
the tenor to hunt down a-	235146
gain, in which courfe they	231546
continue to the end of the	231456
Peal, observing to make an	231465
extream change, when the	131645
Treble (which is the hunt	
before or behind the ex-	
tream bells.	. 4-1.6
The Date of Date	made at

This Peal may be Rang, by making the Twenty-four changes Doubles and Singles,

Singles, in the place of the Twentyfour plain Changes, and many other wayes, which I leave to the Learner to practife.

The Variety of Changes on any Number of Bells.

He changes on bells do multiply infinitely. On two bells there are two changes. On three bells are three times as many changes as there are on two; that is three times two changes, which makes fix. On four bells there are four times as many changes as on three; that is four times fix changes, which makes Twenty four. Or five bells there are five times as many changes as there are on four bells; that is-five times Twenty-four changes, which makes Six-score. On fix bells are fix times as many changes as there are on five ; that is-fix times Six-score changes, which makes Seven-hundred and twenty: And in the fame manner, by increasing the number of bells, they multiply innumerably, as in the Table of Figures next following; where each of the

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the Figures in the Column of the left hand, flanding directly under one another (which are 1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9. 10,11.12.) do represent the number of bells; and the Figures going along towards the right-hand, directly from each of those twelve Figures, are the number of changes to be rung on that number of bells which the Figure represents: For Example, the uppermost Figure on the left hand is 2, which stands for two bells; and the Figure next to it on the right hand is also 2, which stands for two changes; that is to fay, on two bells there are two changes. The next Figure below in the left Column is 3, which flands for three Bells; and the Figure next to it on the right hand is 6, which flands for fix changes; that is -on three sells are fix changes, and fo of the reft as follows.

bells	changes.
2	2
3	6
4	24
5 6	120
6	7.40
7 8	5040
8	40320
9	361880
1,0	3628800
11	39916800
12	479001600

The lowest of these figures are 279001600, that is, Four hundred seventy nine Millions, one thousand six hundred, which are all the changes that can be made on twelve bells: And supposing that twelve men should take 12 bells with intent to ring the changes on them, they would be Seventy sive Years, ten Months, one Week and three Dayes in ringing them, according to the proportion of ringing 720 changes in an hour; reckoning 24 hours to the day, and 365 dayes in the Year.

Maving given Directions for all forts of plain and fingle Changes, I will now proceed to Cross-Peals, and first so Doubles and Singles on four Bells.

Doubles and Singles on four Bolls.

N four bells there are 24 changes to be made Doubles and Singles, wherein are twelve double changes, and 12 fingle; next to every double change, there is a fingle; so that 2 double changes do not come together in any place throughout the Peal, neither does two fingle changes at any time come together; but one change is double, and the next is fingle, to the end of the Peal. Every double change is made between the four bells; that is there are two changes made at one time, between the bells in treble and seconds places, and the bells in third and fourths places. Every fingle change is made between the two bells in the middle (i.e.) in seconds and thirds places; excepting the extream changes, which are fingle, and made between the two farthest extream bells from the Hunt, An Example I here

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I here fet down, making the treble the Hunt, and I hunt it up at the beginning of the Peal (for it may be hunted either up or down at pleasure) and I make an extream change every time the whole Hunt comes before the bells. In ringing it, 'tis observed, that every bell hunts in course, and lies twice before, and twice behind, except only when the extream is to be made, and then the two farthest extream bells from the Hunt, does make a dodge, and then moves in their former course, as in these changes .--2143

Now the hunt is before the bells, there is an extream change made between the two farthest bells from it, which are the 2 and 4, thus .-

The extream change being made, the bells are to move, as before, observing to make an extream change every time the who'e hunt

comes before the bells.

In this last Twenty-four, the troble is bunted up at the beginning; it may be rang by hunting it down which is to be done, by making the first a single change, and then hunt it up as before.

1242 1134 wish

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4231 4331

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3143 1 224

1343

3114 3214

1341

1431

4117 4132

1433

1413 4131

4312

3421 3241

2314 3134

With one hunt this Peal may be rang fix wayes (viz.) three wayes in hunting it up at the beginning of each Peal, and the other three mayes by bunting it down; the three wayes in bunting it up, differs only in making the extream changes; in one of the three wayes you must make an extream change every time the bunt comes before the bells to lead, as in the Twenty-four changes before fet down. Another way is to make an extream every time the hunt comes behind. And the ibird way, is to make an extream every time the hunt comes before and behind the bells. The three wayes in bunting is down, are so be rang by making the exsteam changes, as in the three wayer before; in hunting one bell, there are fix wayes to ring this Peal; therefore with the four bells (in making each of them to hunt) there are four times fix wayes to ring it, which makes Twenty-four Several mayes. And for the benefit of the Learner , I have fet down certain Rules, shewing how to begin any of the

afore aid Peals (viz.)

In hunting either the treble or third

up, the first change is double; but in hunting either of shem down, the first is single.

In hunting the second or the fourthup's the first change is fingle; but in hunting either of them down, the first change in each Peal must be double.

Donbles and Singles on five Bells.

Here is a Peal to be rang on five bells, called Doubles and Singles, wherein are Six-fcore feveral changes fixty of which are double changes, and fixty are fingle; the double and fingle changes are to intermixt, that two double changes does not at any time come together in the Six-score | neither are two fingle changes made next to each other in any part of this Pest, but one change is double, and the next fingle, in which course they are made to the end Every double change is made between the four foremost bells (i.e.) in treble, fecond, third, and fourth places. When the whole bunt is bunting up, each fingle change is made between the whole hunt, and the next bell above it. In hunting down the fingle changes are made between the whole hunt, and the next bell below it, the whole hunt being alwayes

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one of the two bells which makes every fingle change, except only when it leads, and then the fingle change is made in third and fourths places; but the extream is also a fingle change, and made (when the whole hunt leads) between the two farthest extream bells from the half hunt; the half hunt is to lie either before or behind the extream bells, when the extream changes are made, of which Ishall shew you more anon.

In this Peal there is a whole hunt, a half hunt, and three extream Bells; the whole hunt in a direct course does hunt up and down, and lies twice before, and twice behind all the way; every other hell leads twice together throughout the

Peal.

And when the whole hunt leaves the thirds place, hunting up, then every bell that comes into fecond and thirds places, does lie in each of these places twice together, until the whole hunt comes down again into thirds place, at which time the bell in fourths place lies there twice, and then makes a dodge with the bell in thirds place (unless an extream change is to be made) and so removes directly down before the bells. And

that bell which comes into the tenors place (when the whole hunt leaves that place hunting down) fies still there,until the whole hunt removes up into that place again, except only when the exgream is made behind, and then the bell in fourths place moves into tenors place, and lies there until the whole

hunt moves up into that place.

With one whole bunt, and half bunt, this Peal may be rang fix wayes, in three of which the whole hunt is to be hunted up at the beginning of each Peal, which three ways differs only in making the extream changes. One way, is to make as extream change every time the half bunt comes before the extream bells, as in the following Six-Score. The Second way, is to make an extream change every time the half hunt comes behind the extream bells. And the third way, is to make an extream every time, the half hunt comes before and behind the extream bells. In this last way there are fix extreams in each Peal, but in the other two ways there are but three extreams in each Peal.

The three wayes aforefaid, are to be rang, by hunting up the whole hunt; but it may be rang three wayes more, in hunt-

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ing down the same whole hant, in which three wayes the extreams are to be made, as I shewed you before. The whole hunt is alwayes to lead when every extream

change is made.

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This Peal I have fet down at large, making the treble the whole hunt, the fecond the half hunt; and an extream change every time the half hunt comes before the extream bells, as in the following changes. I have drawn a Line between the figures at the extream changes, that next below the Line is the extream.

21443 34152 23154 12345 11341 | 543T2 251434351232514 524134352132541 524313425123451 24135 52142 54321 45231 35412 41214 45213 35421 2534134215 23415 42351 5324I 54113 345 31 25314 43125 32145 51423 53214 14513 52134 41325 31245 15243 35124 51234 14235 13425 42153 21524 15413 15324 14325 13245 41253 13254 51243 1522441235 31425 14522 13524 52143 51324 42135 34125 53124 24315 43215 14253 31254 25412 41523 22154 25431 3521424351 43251 35241 42531 34521 45122 12141 23514 54212 52314 23541 54231 53421 42513 34512 32451 25134 53412 24153 43152 35142 21453 41352 45321 21534 32415 45312 12354 23145 31542 12543 14532 54132 21345 13452 --- 14353 12345 11432 13435 13542 12534 41532 15342 15432 12453 31452 21354 45132

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This Peal may be rang Six-score several mayes; there being twenty hunts on five bells (that is—a whole hunt, and half hunt twenty times on five bells, and not one and the same whole hunt and balf hunt twice, as I shewed more at large in the plain changes on five bells before set down) and with each hunt, that is, with one whole hunt and half hunt, it may be rang six wayes; so that multiply twenty, (which are the number of hunts) by six, (which are the number of Peals to be rang on each hunt) and it will produce Six-score several wayes to ring it.

It may be prick't, or rang Six-score several wayes more, by making the extream changes when the whole hunt lies behind the bells, but those wayes are never prassifed; neither do I think it material to say any thing more of them in this place, having only inserted this, to shew the great variety there is in this Peal. It being somewhat difficult to know the true way of beginning each Peal, I have therefore set down certain Rules, shewing how the first changes in each are to be made.

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In hunting the treble, the third, or the fifth bells up, the first change in each Peal is to be made double.

In In hunting the treble down, the first change is single in third and fourths places, unless the half hunt lies so, as that the extream is to be made.

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In hunting the third or fifth down, the fuft change is to be made fingle, between the whole hunt, and the next bell be-

In hunting up the second or fourth, the fift change in each Peal is single, between the whole hunt, and the next bell above it:

In hunting down the second or fourth, the first change is to be made double.

Every double change in all the Peals of Doubles and Singles, is made between the four foremost belts: that is in treble, second, third and fourths places.

Tendring's Six-score on five Bells.

IN this Peal are contained Six-score changes, which are Doubles and Singles, there being fixty double changes in it, and fixty single, which are so intermixt, that two double changes does not come together in any part of the Peal; neither are there 2 single changes at any

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time made together, but one change is double, and the next to it is fingle; in which course the changes are all made to the end of the Peal. Every fingle change is made between the 2 hindmost bells. There is a whole hunt and half hunt in it. The observation in ringing it, is this: When the whole bunt lies before the bells, and is to bunt up, first it moves up into fecands place, where it lies twice; then into thirds place, where it lies offo swice; then into the fourths place, where it lies once; and in the teners place once: Then it makes a dodge with the bell in fourths place, after which it lies twice behind; then it moves down into fourths place, and makes a dodge with the bell in tenors place, and then moves down into thirds place, where it lies twice, and in the seconds place twice, ane then it leads four times; after which, it bunts again, as before. The course of the other four bells, are exactly the fame with that of the whole bunt, in moving up and down, except only when the Bob changes are made, and then they differ; but after the Bobs are made, their course is the same as before; every bell lies four times together before the bells, and twice in the feconds

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conds place without any alteration. In this Peal are two forts of Bobs; one of which is called a double Bob, and the other a fingle Bob. The Rule for making the double Bob is this, when the whole hunt is hunting down, and lies in the feconds place, and the half hunt lies behind, then there's a double Bob : that is, two Bob-changes; one of which is made the next change, wherein the whole hunt moves down to lead; where having led four times, there is then another Bob-change to be made, in which the whole hunt moves up into the feconds place. The Rule for making the fingle Bob, is this, when the whole hunt has led four times, and the half hunt lies in thirds place; then the next change following is a fingle Bob, that is -one Bob-change; in which the whole hunt moves out of the trebles place up into the seconds place, every Bob is a double change, and made between the two first, and two last bells, the bell in thirds place lying still when each Bob is made, where it lies four times together, and then moves down; every time the whole hunt comes before the bells, there is either a fingle Bob, or a double Bob made.

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At every double Bob, those two bells that do dodge behind at the first Bobchange, continues dodging until the whole hunt moves up, and parts them: And likewise at the single Bob, those 2 bells which do dodge behind at the Bobchange, continue dodging until the whole hunt moves up, and parts them, as in the following changes, where the treble is the whole hunt, the tenor the half hunt, and the first is a Bob-change, being supposed to be the second Bob-change of a double Bob.

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        21542
               31425|35124:42135
        21534
               34152 35142 24315
21354
                                   54231
21345
        25143
               34125 53412 24351
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               43215 53421 23415
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                                   52431
        25134
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        52314
               43251 54312 23451
               42315 54321 32541
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The Art of Ringing.

This Peal was made one of Grandsire on five bells, the Bob changes in this, being the same with those in Grandsire, and made by the same Rule.

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Paradox on five Bells.

This Peal of Paradox is to be rang on five bells, wherein are Six-fcore danges, they are Doubles and Singles : hat is - one change double, and another ingle; in which course they are made to the end of the Peal. Every fingle dange is made in second and thirds plaas, except only when the whole Hunt lads, and then 'tis made in third and fourths places; but the extream Changes are (also single) and made beween the two farthest extream bells from the half Hunt; the whole Hunt les before the bells, when every exteam change is made. Every bill lies four times together before, and four imes behind, except only when the exteam changes are made behind. There sa whole Aunt, a half Hunt, and three atteam bells; the course of the whole Hunt is this, it being before the bells, fi:ft

first it moves up into the second and thirds places, then it makes a dodge with the bell in seconds place, and moves out of the thirds place up into fourths, where it lies alwayes twice, then moves up behind, where it lies four times, and then moves down into fourths place, where having lay twice, it hunts down into feconds place, and makes a dodge with the bell in thirds place, and then moves down before the bells, where having lay twice, it hunts as before : each of the other bells has the same course (in hunting up and down) as the whole Hunt until the whole Hunt leads, at which time every ball that comes into feconds place lies there twice together, unless the extream change is to be made in fecond and thirds places.

In this following Peal, the treble is the whole Hunt, and the fecond the half Hunt: the extream changes are made, when the half Hunt lies before the ex-

tream bells.

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,	31435	2435	1 142	5 342	2
t	34135	2341	\$174	324	-,
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	34153	4212	52146	2 435	51
	42513	4122	\$ 2416	2 453	2 1
	45213	4215	22747	5 435	
9	42531	4125	2479	5 4531	
	45231	LACE	7712	7 4731	2
	14321	1426	42.22	5 541	12
	13421	12426	4334	7 7 143	2
1	54312	-42)	43.25	1 5412	3
П	53413	12462	7-37	5142	3
1	15142	11542	773	1524	3
1	11542	CTAS	743	1542	3
ı	151242	7524	451	453	2
ı	35124 2	5124	- 7413	1435	2
	31 524 2	2214	, 2143	4153	2
ı	132545	2214	1243	45132	1
1	135245	2247	2134	41533	
	153425	341	1234	45123	
	154325	3-41	5324	54213	100
E	1342 3	42 1	5234	52413	1
	13142 34	+) 2 3 1	2543	54231	1
	- 2-41)	4121	-	\$242 Y	
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,	7-1443	1522	1354	22 CAT	i .
	-7.4141	1) 2/2	31541	20774	
-	7-4-145	12 512	12451	22 - 14	nr 1
3.	541/41	32512	3145	32154	12:
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I have drawn a Line between the Figures at the extream changes, that next below each Line is the extream; the first extream is Forty changes from the

beginning.

This Peal is grounded on the Twentyfour changes Doubles and Singles on four The half Hunt, and three extream bells in this Peal, makes the Twenby four changes in a perfect course. There are four changes made in the Twentyfour every time the whole Hunt leads, which coming before the bells fix times in the Six- score, and each time lying there four times together, makes fix times four changes, which is Twenty four. 'The easily made out, if you take every change that is made when the whole Hunt is before the bells in the Six Score before, and fet the changes down by themselves (leaving out the treble) where you will find, that the fecond, third, fourth and fifth, make the Twenty-four changes Doubles and Singles, in a perfect course ; second is the Hunt, and the extreams are made. when the Hunt & before.

Paradox may be rang Six-score seweral wayes. With one whole Hunt, and half Hunt, it may be rang fix wayes,

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is three of which the whole Hunt is to be hunted up; and in the other three wayes it is to be hunted down, in which fix wayes the extream changes are to be made by the same Rules, and in the same manner, as I shewed before in the Sixfore Doubles and Singles on five bells; so that with the twenty Hunts, it may be prick't or rang twenty times fix wayes, which makes Six-score.

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This Peal may be prick't Six-score wayes more, by making the extreams when the whole Hunt lies behind the bells, but that being never practised, I will say no more of it. I have here set down some general Rules for beginning the several Peals of Paradox by the former course (i.e.) in making the extreams when the wholeHunt is before

the bells.

In hunting the troble up, the first change is double between the four first bells, thus.

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In hunting the treble down, the first thange is single in third and fourths places (thus.—12345.12435) unless the half Hunt lies so, that the extream may be made.

Second up, the first change is fingle in Second and thirds places, thm .- 12345. 13245.

Second down, the first change is double between the four first bells.

Third up, the first change is double between the four first bells.

Third down, the first change is single

in second and thirds places.

Pourch up, the first change is double between the four hindwoft bells, then .-12345.13254.

Fourth down, the first change is double between the four first bells.

Fifth up, the first change is fingle in Second and thirds places.

Fifth down, the first change is double between the four bindmoft bells.

If you observe these Rules aright, to gether with my former directions, you may with much eafe prick down any Peal of Paradox. la based of the tryle boart, the rarmo bes hadden struck

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PHOENIX. On five Bells.

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This Peal has Six score changes in it, which are Doubles and Singles: the tenor is the whole Hunt, and the fourth the half Hunt, Every bell lies twice before, and four times behind; every fingle change is made in fecond and thirds places, and every bell that comes into fourths place, lies there twice tegether, until the tener comes behind; at which time, the fourth lying in the seconds place, the next fingle change is made in third and fourths places; but the tenor lying behind, and the fourth in thirds place, then the two next following fingle changes are in third and fourths places.

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	215431			12453
21354	251434	1235	14523	21435
23154	524134	2135	41532	21345
	542132			12435
	452312			12345
	425311:			1
5-2341	243511	5243	35421	
25431	234515	1234	34521	
24531	324155	1134	43251	
42513	321452	5314	42351	T
	234152			
54123	23145 3	1541	34135	21, 5000
51423	321543	1241	42315	
	312545			9.1511
14532	1352454	4321	34251	100
	153244			114
	513434			300000
34125	53142 34	152	25341	
34215	35412 31	452	52314	
	34512 13			
41325	4352113	345	35124	
14352	4532131	425	31524	: 14X
	54231 31			
	5243113			
	35413 12			
	2451321			
51324	4215325	134	45123	
15234	41253 52	1434	41523	
12534	1423551	243	4253	London

London Pleasure on five Bells.

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IN this Peal called London Pleasure, are Six-score changes, which are all single. It being a confused Peal to ring, Ishall say nothing more of it, but expose it to view, as in the following changes.

13345	12543	43135	41321	51342
31345	12453	42315	43,531	15342,
31354	2.1453	41351	43251	15314
13354	34153	4253I	43215	51334
11534	34513	45231	43115	53124
31534	25413	5 4231	41335	35124
35134	52413	54213	14315	31524
35314	51431	54123	13435	13524
33514	25431	51433	31424	13254
33154	24531	15423	31453	31254
13145	24351	-	13452	32154
13415	34315	15432	13542	31514
13451	24135	-	31543	35214
13541	21435	\$1432	35142	53214
25341	12435	54132	35412	5324I
12341	14235	45132	345.12	31241
11314	41135	41532	34.152	33541
53134	41253	14532	34125	33451
51134	14253	14352	34215	32415
15234	14523	41352	34251	32145
15143	41513	43152	34521	31245
51143	45113	43512	35421	13245
52143	45213	45312	13431	-
15143	43513	54312	53412	11345
21543	42153	54321	53142	

What

What you please. Don't bles and Singles on 5 Bells,

E Very bell leads four times, and lies behind twice, except when the extream is made behind, and twice in the feconds place, except when the extream is before; and note, when the treble is before the fourth froke, the fingle is in fecond and third, the next time the fingle is behind; but at other times, the fingle is in third and fourths places. When any bell leaves leading, the double change is on the two first, and two last, and the extreams are made by turns, first behind, then before, and so on to the end, for there are fix extreams.

The	Art o	f Ring	ing: 83
11345	14113	1 34513	13425
21354	51432	14153	31452
21534	51342	41135	31542
25143	15114	42315	35134
35413	15234	43151	35214
53431	13543	43511	5324E
53341	-	34511	534aT
53314	15143	34152	54313
53124	51134	3 100 5	54432
35141	51314	31745	45 123
35412	53141	13254	45313
34521	53412	13124	41531
34251	35421	15342	41351
43215	35341		24315
43125	32514	13542	24135
41352	32154	38524	31453
41534	23145	31254	32543
14523	23415	32445	1 65 3 4 La 1 123
14153	243 11	32415	12354 in ,bast
31435	24531	23451	13245
1000	42913	33541	
12453	41153	25314	12345
21435	41135	25134	1 Olar tribe part
21345	41325	52143	denve 'parene
23154	14351	54231	in sale brabet
23514	15423	14321	S.A. SIAL BELW
32541	.,,,-,	45312	will have been
33451	. 6421	45132	4
34135	51423	41513	
43152	51243	41253	
43512	52134	14135	
45321	52314	14315	The state of the s
45131	15341	13453	
4,-3.	-,34.		

45131 15341 54213 25431

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Reading

83



Reading Doubles. five Bells.

N this Peal are Six-score changes, the treble is a Hunt ; and note when treble is in thirds place bunting up, the two foremost bells dodge until it comes into the fame place hunting downwards; and alwayes when the treble is going to lead, the four firlt bells makes the double change, if the third be behind; but if it be before, the double is on the two first and two last ; every bell lieth twice behind, except when the treble goes to lead, if the third be before; and note, when it is 1,3,2, there is a fingle in fecond and thirds places, which is twice, once at the Three-score end, and Sixscore end.

	A CONTRACTOR OF THE	f Ring	
11345	34551	14133	45321
24175	49019	41375	14511
41713	34131	43125	45135
4531	31471	34119	41723
12151	13419	43251	142 53
4315	41533	34951	13435
41131	45 123	43512	11345
41253	54213	34152	23154
14523	45231	13452	31514
15432	14331	14325	13541
1343	47312	41335	33451
3114	54133	42173	32145
15314	51423	34513	31254
3341	15343	42531	13245
15421	11534	24351	13345
13413	21354	42315	
15142	23145	24135	See Bis
11524	33415	11453	
3543	13451	12543	are Ped
15324	31541	15334	
1134	33514	11314	
12143	33154	53142	
5413	31345	35413	
12431	13154	53421	along The sale
15341	12354	35241	31 15 14
1314	21534	53214	
5134	25143	35114	1 1 1 1 1 1
11543	12413	31542	
12453	25431	13524	
14235	52341	15341	
41325	25314	11432	
3152	52134	54113	
4512	51243	45213	
3521	15413	\$413I	1000000
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Old Doubles. On five Bells.

"His Peal call'd Old Doubles, is to be rang on five bells, wherein are Six-score changes, which are all Doubles, except only when the whole Hunt leads, and then there is alwayes a fingle change made. It has a whole Hunt, a half Hunt, and three extream bells : every bell leads twice together all the way, and lies twice behind, except only when the whole Hunt leads, and then the bell behind lies there four times together, unless the extream is made behind, and then but twice. Every bell hunts in a perfect course, until the whole Hunt leads, and then the fingle is to be made, at which time the bell in seconds place lies there twice (unless the extresm is made in second and thirds place) and every fingle change is made in third and fourths places, except the extreams which

which are (in this Peal) made by the same rule, and after the same attanner, as I showed before in the Six-score call'd Doubles and Singles on five bells. In making the single changes in third and fourths places, it is observed, that the bell which lies in fourths place (the change next before the single) is bunting up; and in making the single change, it does dodge with the bell in thirds place, and so hunts up behind; and likewise the bell that lies in thirds place (in the change next before the single) is hunting down, and in making the single it does dodge with the belt in fourths place, and then bunts directly down.

In this following Peal, the treble is the whole Hunt, the second the half Hunt, and an extream change is always made, when the half Hunt sie before the extream bells next to the whole Hunt; every extream is made between the two farthest extream bells from the half Hunt, as in these following changes.

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This Peal of Old Doubles, is grounded on the Twenty-four changes Doubles and Singles on four bells, which are made in a perfect course herein; every time the whole Hunt leads, there are two changes made in the Twenty-four; the half Hunt, and three extream bells, makes the Twenty-four changes, and every single change in this Peal, is a fin-

gle change in the Twenty-four.

This Peal may be rang Six-score several wayes; with one whole Hunt, and half Hunt, it is to be rang fix wayes (i.e.) three wayes in hunting up the whole Hunt at the beginning of the Peal, and the other wayes in hunting it down; in which fix wayes, the Extream Changes are to be made by the same rule, and in the same manner, as those in the Six-score Doubles and Singles on five Bells, and Paradon before set down; so that with the twenty Hunts, it may be rang twenty times fix wayes, which makes Six-score.

In these Six-score wayes, the whole Hunt is before the Bells when every single Change is made; but it may be rang six-score several wayes more, by making the single Changes when the whole

Hunt

The Art of Ringing. 90

Hunt lies behind them, which being never practifed, I will fay no more of it.

For the convenience and benefit of the Practitioner, I have fet down certain rules, shewing how to begin each Peal of Old Doubles (with any Hunt) by the former course (i.e.) in making the fingle Changes, when the whole Hunt lies before the Bells, thefe Rules ferving only for moving the whole Hunt at the beginning of each Peal, for it may be hunted either up or down.

Inhanting either the treble, third, or fifth Bells up, the first change is made be-

12345:21435.

-The treble down, the first change w fingle in third and fourths places, unless the half Hunt lies fo, as that the Extream is to be made.

-The third or fift b down, the first change is between the four bindmoft Bells,

zhou.-12345:13254.

-The second or fourt bup, the first change is between the four hindmost Bells.

-The second or fourth down, the first change between the four foremost Belli.

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In ringing any of these Peals, where the first change is made between the four hindmost Bells, it must be made at the Back-stroke, otherwise the Bells will cut Compass all the way; every double change is made either between the four foremost, or four hindmost Bells.

New Doubles. On five Bells.

IN this Peal of New Doubles, there are Six-score Changes, which are all double, except only when the whole Hunt leads, and then there is alwayes a finele Change made; it has a whole Munt, a half Hunt, and three Extream Bells. The whole Hunt has a perfect course in hunting up and down, and lies twice before, and twice behind. When the whole Hunt leaves the thirds place hunting up, then each Bell that comes into that place, lies there twice, and then moves up behind; and the Bells in treble and feconds places, does continue dodging from the time that the whole Hunt hunts up out of thirds place, until it comes into that place again hunting down; and that Bell which comes into thirds

92 The Art of Ringing.

thirds place (when the whole Hunt leaves it hunting down, lies there twice, and then moves up behind) and the next Bell that comes into that place, lies there twice also, and then moves down before the Bells. But note, that Bell which lies in the thirds place (in the Change next before the Extream) continues there, until the whole Hunt hunts up into that place, and then it moves down; when the whole Hunt leads the Bell in seconds place, lies there twice together, and then moves down before the Bells; and every Bell that comes behind, lies there twice, except only in the Change next before, and that next after the whole Hunt leads; every fingle Change is made in third and fourths places, except the Extreams, which are alfo fingle Changes, and made between the two hindmost Bells, when the half Hunt lies before the Extream Bells next to the whole Hunt.

These directions are only for Ringing this Peal next following; but it may be Rang many other wayes, by making the Extream Changes in other places, of which I shall speak more anon.

The	Art o	f Ring	ing.
11345	14351	17334	14512
31314	42315	15134	4353 T
23145	14135	5124.	54351
33415	21453	52134	43215
23451	11435	25314	34115
32541	-	51341	31472
33514	13453	15431	13435
32154	21435	54413	13245
31145	34153	25143	31254
13154	42513	31534	32145
13514	24531	11543	23415
31542	42351		31451
35134	24315	12534	23141
53214	42135	21543	31514
35241	41153	25134	23154
53421	14135	51314	21345
35412	14325	25341	11354
53141	41352	53431	
51334	43135	45413	12345
15341	34215	12143	
15432	43151	51134	A. A. C.
11413	34521	15243	HE
54131	43 518	15413	N 71-28
45312	34152	51432	and the
54321	31415	54133	63 (
45231	13452	45213	11 11 11 11
54213	13542	14231	(Q) = (O)
45103	31534	45321	49 11 12
41532	35144	54312	BRITE
14523	53411	45132	5 5
14353	35411	41523	

45153 -35214 14352 84513 53184 41845 41531 51341 43152

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This Peal may be Rang Six-score several wayes. With one whole Hunt, and half Hunt, it may be Rang six wayes; in three of which, the whole Hunt is to be hunted up, and in the other three wayes it is to be hunted down; which six wayes are to be Rang, by making the Extream changes by the same rules, and in the same manner, as in Doubles and Singles on five Bells, Old Doubles, and Paradox, before set down; so that with the twenty Hunts, it may be Rang twenty sames six wayes; which makes Six-score.

This Peal is grounded on the Twenty-four Changes; Doubles and Singles on four Bells, the half Hunt and three Extream Bells makes the Twenty-four Changes in perfect course; and in the same manner; as I shewed you in Para-

dox, and Old Deables.

These following rules show to begin any Peal of New Doubles.

In bunting either the treble or fourth up, the first change must be deable between the two first, and two last Bells, thus.—12345:21354.

In bunting the treble down, the first change is single in third and fourths

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The Art of Ringing. places, unless the extream is to be made. -The fourth down, the first change is between the four first Bells. Second up, first change double between the four hindmost Bells. Second down, the first change is double between the two first, and two last Bells. third up, first change double between the four foremost Bells. Third down, first change double between the four hindmoft Beils. Fifth up , double between the fam first Bells.

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Fifth down, first change double, two first and two last Bells.

Grandfire on five Bells.

Randfire is the best and most ingenious. Peal that ever was composed, to be rang on five bells, it having no dependance on the course of any other Peal. Thereare Sixscore changes in it, in pricking of which, there is the greatest variety of any other Peal whatsoever; for it may be prick't or rang some thousands of wayes. The common way of tinging it, is to make the Bobs and single changes when the whole Hunt leads, which cound

and method I will first fet down, and afterward fay formething of the other wayes in ringing it, It has a whole hunt and half hunt, the changes are all double except two, which are fingle. The whole hunt has a perfect course in hunting up and down, and lies twice together before, and twice behind all the way; every other bell has the fame course as the whole hunt, in moving and hunting up and down; and each bell lead twice together all the way, and lie twice together behind, except only at the Bobs. Every Bob-change is made between the two first and two last bells, the bell in thirds place lies still when every Bob-change is made, and then moves down; and every other double change is made between the four bells that stand together (viz.) either the four first, or four last bells. There are two forts of Bobs, one of which is call'd a fingle Bob, and the other a double. The Rule for making the fingle Bob is this - When the whole hunt leads, and the half hunt lies in thirds place, the next is a Bob-change; in making of which the whole hunt moves out of the trebles place up into the seconds place hunting up, and the bell which lies behind in the change next before the Bob, makes a dodge with the bell in fourths place, and then lies twice behind; and that bell which did dodge with the bell in tenors place, moves directly down; this is a fingle Bob, that is, one Bobchange. The Rule for making the double Bob is this - When the whole hunt lies in the feconds place hunting down, and the half hunt behind, then there is a double Bob, that is, two Bobs e pd

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Bob-changes, one of which is made the next change wherein the whole Hunt moves out of the seconds place down before the bells, and the other Bob is made the next change but me to it, in which the whole Hunt moves from lefore the bells up into the seconds place; the ell which lies in the thirds place when every leb-change is made, lies there twice, and then noves down. And at every double Bob, the wo hindmost bells continue dodging until the thole Hunt moves up into the fourths place, nd parts them. Every time the whole Hunt omes before the bells, there is either a fingle bob, or double Bob made, which comes by ens, one fingle, and the next double throughathe Peal,

The greatest var ety of this Peal, confists in whing the fingle changes. In this way of linging it (with any whole Hunt and half funt) the first fingle change may be made ther at the first, second, third, fourth, fith, fixth Bobs, at the fingle or double Bobs at lafure ; observing for a constant Rule, that thalf Hunt is alwayes one of the two bells hich makes every fingle change; for the finchanges are fo contrived, that (in making em) the whole Hunt and half Hunt are to stinue their conflant course as at other At the fingle Bob, the fingle change is ade in second and thirds places; and at the puble Bob, 'tis made in fourth and fifths plasthe other three balls lying full in their plawhil'it each fingle change is made; the next tange to each fingle, is a Bob-change; evefingle change is made when the whole hunt

lies before the bells; there being alwayes fixty changes, from the first fingle change to the fecond; if the first fingle change is made at a fingle bob, then the second fingle change must be made at the third fingle bob from it; or if the first fingle change is made at a double bob, the second fingle change must be made at the third double bob from that where the first was made.

This Peal may be rang without making any fingle change therein, which is done by making a double change to fupply the place of it. There are two of these double changes in each Peal; the sirst of them may be made at any bob within fixty changes from the beginning of the Peal, and the second is to be made just fixty changes from the first. At a double bob, it may be made at either of the two bochanges; at the first of them, 'tis made by moving the whole Hunt down, and the bellin thirds place up over two bells at once into the tenors place, thus:

41325:14253

The changes next following thefe, are the fame as at other times. At the fingle bob, 'tis to be made when the whole Hunt lies in the feconds place hunting down; in which place it may be made two wayes, in one of which the bell in thirds place is to be moved up behind, in the fame manner as I showed you the

the double bob: The other way, is to move the bell in tenors place down into the thirds place, thus: ----- 5.1423:15342.

Now the reason wherefore at this place it may be made two wayes, and at each of the louble bob changes but one way, is this; At he double bob, the half Hunt lies behind, thich cannot be moved into thirds place, for hat would put it out of its course; but in the frele bob, the half Hunt lying before the bells. nd the whole Hunt in feconds place, fo that wither of those bells are concerned therein; herefore it may be made either by moving the ell in thirds place up behind, or elfe by moing the hindmost bell down into thirds place. both which are to one effect, though different hanges; for these changes are so continued, hat (in making thom) the whole Hunt and Hunt are to continue their constant ourle, as at other times.

I have here fet down this Peal of Grandhe, making the treble the whole Hunt, and e tenor the half Hunt, and the first single ange is made the forth boby that is , the hird double bob, which is fixty changes from te beginning of the Peal; you may know the fingle change, by the line drawn between he figures at the fingle change, that next after the line is the fingle : Grandfire is most commonly rang, as it is here prickt ; but it may be ring any other wa/, according to my directaplace the before,

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Grandfire may be rang another way (i.t.) in making the bobs when the whole Hunt's before the bells (as in the former way) and to make the fingle changes when it lies behind (vrz.) the first fingle change may be made at any time when the whole Hunt comes behind, provided it be made within fixty changes from the beginning of the Peals is it is made the next time the whole Hunt comes behind after a single bob, it is in treble and seconds places; after a double bob, it is made in third and fourths places, the whole Hunt lying

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lying behind when each fingle change is made, and the second fingle change must be made intaken the first.

In all the several Peals of Grandfire b, the course aforesaid, the full changes in each Peal

must be made by these following Rules.

Bi, the	1, 2 di 39 a
With the ten Hunts, the whole Hunts to be hunted up at the beginning of each Peal.	With these ten Hunts, the mit change in each Peals made by hunting the whole Hunt down.
s to be h	hefe ten Hunting the Hunting the Hunting the Hunting the
12.1 A 12.1	Change of Change

These are the twenty Hunts on five bells, which are set down in Page 16. The two sigures which stand together, do represent the whole Hunt and half Hunt; for instance, the opermost figures are 1, 3; the 1 is the whole share, and the 3 is the half Hunt, and so of the rest. Where the letter B stands by the Hunt, the first change that Hunt makes is a lob: But with all the other Hunts, the first change is either between the sour sirst, or sour as bells; yet the sirst change in many of them may be made single, as in 1, 2: 1, 3: 1, 4: 1, 5: 1, 2: 1, 3: 3, 1: 3, 5: 4, 1: 4, 3: 4, 5: 5, 2: 5, 4:

In hunting the treble down, the first change is made between the four hindmost bells; and in hunting the fifth bell up, the first change is made between the four foremost bells.

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There is another way to Ring this Peal of Grandfire, which is, to make the bobs and fingle changes when the whole hunt lies tended the bells; but this is not convenient to be practifed, therefore I will fay no more of it in this place, having only mentioned this, to show the great variet, there is in this Peal.

This Peal of Grandfire is to be Rang by another course, viz. to make the bobs when the whole hunt is behind the bells, and the fingle changes, when it lies before them. This is the absolute foundation from whence the excellent Peal of Grandfire bob (on fix bells) had its beginning and method, and by practifing to prick down this Peal, and by observing the true courle and method of the bobs and fingle changes herein, you may with the greaver eafe understand the true course of the bobs and fingle changes in Grandfire bob on fix bells, for the half hunt, the quarter hunt, and the three extream bells (in Grandfire bob on fix bells) do make thefe fixfcore changes ; every time the whole mint leads in Grandfire bob there are two changes made in this Peal of Grandfire on five bells: And to confequently, the fingle changes in Grandfire bob are made by the same rule and method as they are in this Peal. The Rule for making the bobs in this Peal, is this (viz.) when the whole hunt les in the fourth's place hunting up , and the half hunt leads, the next is a double Bob : And and

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when the whole hunt lies in the tenors place. and the half hunt in thirds place, then the next dange is a fingle bob, the bobs are made beween the two first and two last bells, that in thirds place lies still in the bob change, and then moves up. The fingle changes are made when the whole hunt leads; the first fingle change (in Ringing it with any whole hunt and half hunt) may be made at any time when the whole hunt leads, within fixty chanes from the beginning of the Peal, accouning the bells as they stand round at the beginning for one of the fixty changes. The fingle thange that is made the next time the whole lant leads after a fingle bob, is made in fourth and fifths places; and that which is made next after a double bob, is made in second and thirds places, the half hunt is alwayes one of the two bells which makes every fingle change. If the first single change is made after a fingle bob, then the second single change must be made when the whole hunt leads next after the third fingle bob from that after which the furth ingle was made; and the fame is observed, in making them after a double bob : there being alwayes fixty changes from the first to the feand fingle change in each Peal. This Peal I have here let down, in which I make the treble the whole hunt, the fifth the half hunt, and the left fingle change is made when the whole hint comes to lead next after the first fingle lob: You may know the fingle change, by the line drawn between the figures; the change text below the line, is the fingle, as in the following Peal.

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11345

This Peal may be Rang without making any fingle change therein, there are two double changes which may be made to fupply the places of the two fingle changes; the first of these double changes in any Peal may be made any time when the whole hunt lies in fourths place hunting up, provided you make it within fixty changes from the beginning of the Peal. At a double bob, it may be made at either of the two bob-changes, by moving the bell which lies in thirds place down under two bells at once into the trebles place: Now suppose it were

were to be made the first time the whole hu t lies in the fourths place hunting up in the Peal next before, which is at a double bob, the bells lie thus, 53413; now the treble being the whole hunt must move up behind, and the fourth bell being in thirds place, must move down under two bells at once into the trebles place, thus, 45221; or elfe it may be made at the next bob-change of the double bob, \$3241; here the treble must be moved down into fourths place, and the second bell into trebles place, thus, 25314. It may also be made the change next before the fingle beb, in which change it may be made two wayes; viz, either by moving the bell in thirds place down into trebles place, as in the changes next before, or elfe by moving the bell in trebles place up into thirds places for instance, two changes before the first fingle bob (as in the Peal before let down) the bells lie thus, 24315; now the change may be made, either by moving the third bell into the trobles place, thus, 32451; or elfe the bell that leads up into thirds place, thus, 43251; in both which wayes, the whole hunt is to be moved up behind;

There are only two of these double changes to be made in each Peal; if the first is made at a double bob then the second must be made at the third double bob from it; or if the first of them is made at a single bob, then the second must be made at the third single bob from that where the first was made, there being always just if it y changes from the first of these double changes to the second in each Peal.

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These double changes are the same which in

Grandfire

Grandfire bob on fix bells, are called from changes; those true changes in Grandlire bob being made by the fame rule, and in the fame

manner as thefe are.

In all the Peals of Grandfire, wherein the bobs are made when the whole hunt is behind (according to the Rules next before fet down) the first changes in each Peal must be made by these Rules following.

2	1, 2	#		1,3	With these ten Hunts, the saft change in each Peal is made by hunting the whole	
	1, 5	made the		1, 4	mad ole	
Y.	2, 5	cal is	it.	2, 4	eal is	*
	3, I	ich P	c'Hu	3, 2	S the	古世
	4, 2	in er	whol	39 7 49 I	in ea	至.
	4, 3	the The		45 5	the by h	
B	5,3	With these ten Hunts, the fight change in each Peal is made by hunting down the	1	5,2	With	

Where the letter B flands next to any hune; the first change which that hunt makes , is a. bob : But with all the other hunts, the first change in each Peal is made double, either between the four first, or four last bells; yet in many of them, the first change may be made fingle, as in 1, 2 : 1, 5 : 2, 1 : 3, 3: 2, 5: 3, 5: 4,3: 4,5: 5,2: 5,3:

Before I conclude my directions to this excellent Peal of Grandfire, I will fet down one general Rule for making the fingle changes in

any Peal. (at places differing from any of the former Rules) viz. whereloever the whhle hunt and half hunt meets together to make a change (which constantly happens every time the whole hunt hunts up, and every time it hunts down in every Peal) the other three bells may lie still in their places, whil'st the whole hunt and half hunt makes the change; which being made, the whole hunt, the half hunt, and the other bells are immediately to proceed in their course; which fingle change is as effectual, as those which are made by the Rules aforefaid. Observing to make the first fingle change in any Peal, within fixty changes from the beginning; and the second single change must be made (just fixty changes from the first) between the whole hunt , and half hunt, which two bells will in course lie in the same places where the first fingle change was made.

The Seven-Score and four on fix Bells.

This Peal containing Seven-force and four changes, is to be Rang on fix bells, in which, the treble and tenor are both whole hunts, and the fecond is the half hunt; the whole hunts do both hunt at one and the fame time in a direct course, one up, and the other down; and alwayes when one of them lies before the bells, the other lies behind them; and when that hunt which lies before the bells, leaves the trebles place hunting up, the other hands.

hunt lying hehind, leaves the teriors place hundting down; each hunt lies only twice together before the bells, and twice behind

throughout the Peal,

The fecond bell is the half hunt in this following Peal, for the fecond, third, fourth and fifth bells make the twenty four changes herein; every time the whole hunts come before and behind the bells, there is one change made in the Twenty-four (which is alwa, es once in fix changes) the fecond bell being the hunt on the Twenty-four; fo that every time it comes before or behind the extream bells there is an extream change to be made, which is the following Peal is made between the two fartheft extream bells from the fecond. I have only fet down part of this Peal, which is forficient to thew the course and method thereofs.

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113456 312455 345172 643721
233455 132456 341571643251
231645 314265 134526 436125
236145 314265 134526 436125
263451 346125 243726 413265
632451 16425 413762 143256
33241 63451 431652 142356
326145 534521 43652 142356
326145 534521 43653 142356
326145 534521 43653 142356
326145 534521 43653 142356

At the extream change next before, I have drawn a line between the figures, that next below the line is the extream: The aforefaid Peal may be Rang with any other whole hunt; or half hunt; and also the Twenty-four changes doubles and fingles, may I made in the room of the plain Twenty or in the aforefaid Peal.

Trebles and Doubles on fix Bells.

Here are many Peals of Trebles and Doubles to be Rang on fix bells, as, Sixfore changes, Seven-score and four, Twelvefeore, and Seven-hundred and twenty. In each of which Peals, the changes that are made from the time that the whole hunt leaves the trobles place hunting up, until it comes dewar into that place again, are, all made in one and the fame. manner; fo that the only difference in these Peals, consists in making the changes when the whole hunt leads. These Peals are called Trebles and Doubles, because one is a treble change (that is, 3 changes made together, in which all the fix bells do change their places, thus, 123456:214365:) and the next is a double change between the 4 bells, in the midft, thus, 3 41635: And in this course the changes are alwayes made from the time that the whole, hunt leaves the trebles place bunting up, until it comes down into the trebles place again , and in Ringing this Peal, ris observed, that every hell does hunt in a perfect and direct course, and lie twice together before, and twice behind, until the whole hunt leads.

The mannet of Ringing the Seven-score and four, is the part the treble and tenor are both whole hunts, and the second is the half hunt; the first change is a treble change, and the next a double change, as I shewed you before:

fore ; in which course they are made, until the creble leads again, and the tenor lie behind; at which time there's a fingle change to be made in third and fourths places: But when the half hunt lies next to the treble, then the next fingle change must be made in fourths and fifths places, as in this following Peal, where I have only fet down part of it for an example,

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133456)132546;514362|481653|326154
214365 135246 15342 641256 9131645
241639 312564 154326145236113465
426153 321654 513462 142536 124356
461513 136145 531641 415163 ----
654321 624351 365214 546132 215463
563412 642531 632541 564312 251643
936142 465213 623451 653421 516134
371624 456123 264315 635241 562314
 315264 541632 2461 35 362514 653241
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This Peal is grounded on the Twenty-four changes doubles and fingles, the fecond, third, fourth and fifth makes the Twenty-four changes; the second bell is the hunt in the Twenty-four, therefore the extream in the Peal next before, is made between the two fartheft extream bells from it when it lies before them: At the extream changes there's a line drawn between the figures, but the extreams may be made every time the second lies behind the extream bells; or elfe, every time it lies before and behind them, in the same manner, as I told you before in my directions to the Twenty-four Doubles and Singles : And this Peal

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may be alfoRang with any other whole hunts, or half hunts.

In the Six-score Trebles and Doubles , the thanges are the same as in the Peal next before, until the whole hunt leads, at which time (in this Peal) there is a double change to be made between the four hindmost bells; but when the whole hant leads, and the half hunt les next to it, then there is a fingle change to he made, either between the two nearest bells to the half hunt, or elfe between the two fartheft bells from it; there are but two fingle changes in the Peal, and the fecond fingle change must be made between those two bells which made the first. In this following, the weble is the whole hunt, and the fecond the half hunt, and the first fingle change is made when the bells do lie 124369 : which is fixty changes from the beginning of the Peal; after the whole hunt has at first hunted up and down main: I have fet down only those changes which are made every time the whole hint leads.

123456	319264	142635	165 143
	132546		
241635	139264	134365	154623
416153			
462513	193624	123465	145163
645231	156342		142536
654321		132649	
569412	169432	136254	124356
936141	16452:		
351634	146153	163534	123496

The course of the Twelve-score, and the Seven-hundred and twenty, are both one and the fame; for the Twelve-fore changes, are only part of the Seven-hundred and twenty. There's a whole hunt, a half hunt, a quarter hunt, and three extream bells in the Sevenhundred and twenty; the changes are all troble and double (in the fame course, as in the Six-score next before set down) until the whole hunt leads, and the half hunt lies next to it, at which time there's a fingle change to be made in fourth and fifths places: But when the whole hunt leads, and the half hunt lies. next to it, and the quarter hunt lies next to the half hunt, then there's an extream to be made, which is a fingle change, and made between the two farthest extream bells from the quarterhunt; and by observing this course, you may prick down, or Ring the Seven-hundred and twenty: But if you would only Ring Twelvescore changes (and then end there, by bringing the bells round) you must make no extream change at all; for in making every fingle change in fourth and fifths places, the bells will come round in course at the end of Twelve-kore changes, if you make no extream change to carrythe Peal forward. In the following changes, the treble is the whole hunt, the 2 is the half hunt, the 3 the quarter hunt, ard the 4, 5, and 6, are the extream bells. It being not much material to let down this Peal at large, therefore after the trible (which is the whole hunt) has hunted twice up and down, I have put down only the two changes which are made every time the treb e leads to the end of the Twelve-score, as follows. 123456

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123456	654123	t35462	153246
214365	561431	-	152364
241635	516342	153641	
416153	153624	156334	125634
461513	156342		fingle
645131		165234	125364
654321	165432	162543	
563412	164923		152634
536142		126493	156143
351614	146253	fingle	
		126543	
132546			164532
135264	114365	162453	
		164235	
		146325	
243615	141369	143651	134169
426351	143256	134561	132456
462531		134562	-
645213	134536	135416	123546

The laft change is 12 35 46: which is at the end of Twelve-kore changes; and here you fee, that the whole hunt, the half hunt, and quarter hunt, do lie next to each other before the extream bells; therefore the bells may either be brought round, by making the fingle change in the fame place, as those next before, are made thus, 12 3456: or elle, if you would proceed forward to the end of the Sevenhundred and twenty, then the next must be an extream change between the fourth and fixth, which are the x hindmost bells, thus, 12 3564: and by observing to make an extream change

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behind every time the 1, 2, 3, the together before the bells, the bells will come round in course at the end of the Seven-hundred and twenty; at the end of every Three score changes, there's a single change throughout the Peal, and an extream change at the end of every Twelve-score. This Peal (by the Rules aforciaid) may be Rang with any whole hunt,

half hunt, and quarter hunt,

edt to sinbide !

In this Peal is contained the Six-score changes of Old Doubles on five bells, and also the Twenty-sour changes Doubles and Singles on four bells; the half hunt, the quarter hunt, and three extream bells, makes the Six-score changes of Old Doubles in a perfect course; and the quarter hunt, and three extream bells, do make the Twenty-sour changes Doubles and Singles. Every time the whole hunt leads, there are made two changes of the Six-score; and every time the whole hunt leads, and the half hunt lies text to it, there are two changes made in the Twenty-sour.

Grandfire Bob. On fix Bells.

In this Peal of Grandine Bob, there are Seven-hundred and twenty changes, in Ringing of which, there is the fame course, as in Trebles and Doubles (before fet down) until the bob-changes come to be made; this Peal may more properly be called Trebles and Doubles than the former, because all the changes abroughout the Seven-hundred and twenty,

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are treble and double, except only the two fingle changes: But in Ringing an Eighteenfcore (which is half the Seven-hundred and twenty, and a complete Peal of it felf) the changes are all treble and double without any fingle change therein; for you must know, that in any Peal of Grandfire bob, the bells will come round in course at the end of Eighteen-feore changes, if you make no fingle change to carry it on farther to the end of the

Seven-hundred and twenty.

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"This Peal has a whole hunt, a half hune, a dunrer hunt, and three extream bells; every bell hunts in a direct course, and lies twice together before, and twice behind, until the whole him leads, and then the four hindmost bells do dodge, that is, they make a double change; in which 'tis alwayes observed, that the two bells which lie in third and fifthe places (in the change next before the dodge) are hunting down , and in making this double change, each of those bells do dodge with the bell next above it, that is, they move up over one bell, and then each of them moves directly down; and the two bellsthat lie in fourth and tenors places in the change near before every dodge, are hunting up, and in making the dodge change, each of those bells do move down under one bell, and then they move up again in their course, as before; the dodge changes in all Peals of Trebles and Doubles, are made in the fame manner as thefe.

There are two forts of bobs in this Peal. vie, a finele, and a double bob; the Rule for making the fingle bob, is this, when the whole hunt

hunt leads, and the half hunt lies in tenore place, and the quarter hunt in fourths place, the next change is a bob; and when the whole hunt leads, and the half hunt lies in fifths place, and the quarter hant in seconds place, then, there is a double bob, that is, two bob-chan. ges; one of which is made the next change, and the other is made the next time the whole hunt leads after. The bobs are all double changes, and made in one and the fame manner (i.e.) the leading bell, and that in fourths place, do both lie still, whil'sthe two bells in fecond and thirds places, and those in fifth and tenors places make the bob-change; and as foon as 'tis made, the bell in fourths place. moves directly down. The half hunt is alwayes one of the two hindmost bells which: makes every bob-change.

In Ringing this Peal, there is a Rule obferved, whereby the person that does Ring the quarter hunt, may give notice of the bobs before they come to be made, without which it. were impossible to Ring it; the Rule is this: In the dodge which is made between the four. hindmost bells every time the whole hant leads, if the half hunt and quarter hunt do dodge in fifth and tenors place, then the next time the whole hunt leads, there's a fingle, bob; if they dodge in fourth and thirds places, then there's a double bob, that is, two bobchanges, one of which is made; the next time, the whole hunt leads after the dodge, and the other is made the next time the whole hunt leads after the former is made : He that does Ring the quarter hunt, may give notice of even

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ry bob-change, by faying (Bob) when the whole hunt is going to lead, which is a change

next before the bob is to be made,

There are certain Rules very convenient to be known by all that practife to Ring this Peal; (viz.) he that does Ring the whole hunt, must observe that the bell which he first follows when he leaves the trebles place hunting up, he must follow the same bell the next time he lies behind; and the feeond bell which he follows in hunting up, he must also follow the fame bell when he next leaves the tenors place hunting down; and likewife, the third bell which he follows in hunting up, he must also follow the fame bell when he leaves the fifths place builting down : For instance, in the first change of the following Peal, the bells fland thus, 214305; here the treble (being the whole hunt) does first follow the second, therefor when the meble has hunted up, and lies behind it, fellows the fecond again, as in this change, of 4, 21, : And again, the second chargerof, the following Pealis 141635 : here the fourth is the ferond bell which the troble follows in husting up therefore he follows that bell again the next time he leaves the tenors place hunting down, as in this change, 56 34 12: which courie is observed throughout the Peal. And an Ringing any other bell (beside the whole Hunt) it is observed, that the next time you lie before the bells after a bob, that bell which you first follow in hunting up , you must also follow the same bell when you lie behind; and the same bell you must first follow every time you hunt up, and every time you lie behind, hind, until the next bob comes to be made; but if the whole hunt is the second bell which you follow in hunting up, then you must follow the whole Hunt when you lie behind; and the next time you lead, and lie behind; you must follow the former bell as before, until the hobs come to be made; and after the bobs, the course is the same (though you do not follow the same bell) as before.

These Rules and Directions before set down, are to be observed in Runging any Peal of Grandstre bob with any whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt: An Example I have here set down, wherein the treble is the whole Hunt, the second the half Hunt, and the fourth the quarter Hunt, as in these following

changes,

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316451 156234 312654 461352 361542 512643 1 6345 416532

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1546325	43361	153246	235644
1546315	34621	152364	253461
5164233 561243 6521346	56412	\$13246	524216
461242	Sel42	121426	542126
6021246	27424	254162	461262
43434	347-4	3144672	411263
6253146	13474	141012	415023
2035411	02345	450541	140532
2364511	63254	463251	
3246156	12345	642315	164523
3421656	21435	624135	615432
2635411 2364511 3246156 3421656 4312562	64153	261453	691342
4125262	46513	216542	56212A
145 624	15621	125624	526214
4730-	42261	126642	342641
1543265	42216	210624	37.004.
4345	43.00	24,014	349401
5134625	34160	491304	234110
5316423 3561243 3652141	1402	3 23140	243150
3501243	15042	532410	421305
3652141	30524	354261	411635
63254111	35642	345621	146253
2643153	16524	436512	142635
2643153	61254	463152	416253
2461256	32145	641225	461522
4216526	23415	614225	644122
4125622	64251	162452	654212
4116536	46521	164225	162421
1425624	77612	612462	
1425634	-11.23	612473	110.44
4152364 4513265 5431625	32103	021543	3,2014
45.132615	41130	205134	321104
5431625	14320	256314	231546
53461211	53462	523641	213456
356421 - 365241 I	-	532461	124365
3652411	35426	354216	2111
6325143	14562	345126	
6131543 2613454 2164354	416 (2	431562	1017
2612494	26119	412652	416-2
2162254	62150	146225	. taise
11461 16	12261	-	
116416	1233	164300	
2146532	23.5	100	39435
2129331	Second.	013429	5 V 5
2415632	P 14	031249	30 30
4523165	1034	302154	\$ 1.50 F 35
45231615	12364	16514	

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Here are just Eighteen-score changes already made, and the bells may either be brought round in their places, by making a dodg-change behind (according to the common course, thus, 124365 2 but to have proceeded forward in 123456 the 720, the laft fhould have been a fingle change in third and fourth; places, thus, 124365 & the fingle change being made, all the 123465 Stollowing changes to the end of the 720 are to be made, by the fame rule and course as those before set down, the last change of the 720 being also a single change, and to be made in the same place, and between those two bells which made the former fingle, thus, 1243 162 which fingle change brings the bells 123456 Fround in their right places at the end of the 710.

This Peal of Grandfire bob may be Rang with any whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt; but there being some difficulty in beginning many of the Peals, I have therefore let down Directions for beginning each Peal,

as follows

1,2,4 1,3,5 1,3,2 1,3,6 1,4,6 1,5,3

1,5,4 1,6,3

In Ringing Grandfire bob with any of these eight Hunts the first changes in each Peal are to be made in the same manner, as those in the Peal before fet down, until the first bob in each Peal comes to be made. f.2.3 With these five Hunts, the first change in each Peal is a dodge between the four hindmost bells: thus,123456

Each three figures that fland together next before, do represent a whole Hunt, a half Hunt, and quarter Hunt; for instance, the uppermost figures in the first Column, are 1.3.4. there the treble is the whole Hunt, the second the half Hunt, and the fourth the quar-

ter Hunt, and fo of the reft.

In making the treble the whole Hunt, the fifth the half Hunt, and the fixth the quarter Hunt; the first change is a dodge between the four hindmost bells, in which the half and quarter Hunt do dodge together in fifth and tenors places, therefore the next time the whole hunt comes before the bells, there's a fingle bob.

In ringing treble, tenor, and fifth, the whole Hunt moves up the first change, thus, 2,14,365, and so on in the common course until it comes next before the bells, at which time

there's a fingle bob.

In ringing treble, fourth, and third, the whole Hunt moves up the first change, thus, 214365, and so forward in the common course, until it leads again; at which time there's a bob-change to be made, and another the next time the whole Hunt leads after that, it being a double bob.

Inringing treble, third, and feurth, the first

is aidodge-change between the four hindmost bells, in which the half Hunt and quarter Hunt do dodge together in third and fourths places, therefore a double bob is next to be made, one of which tob-changes is the next time the whole Hunt leads, and the other the next following. In ringing treble, fifth, and second, the first is a bob-change; and the next time the whole Hunt leads, there's another bob-change, it being a double bob.

In Ringing treble, fixth, and fecond, and treble, fixth, and fourth, the first change in

each of these two Peals is a bob.

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ift is 2.4.6 With these four Hunts, the first change 5.3.4 is treble, and the next double, thus, 6.1.2 214365, and so on, till the whole 7.3.7 Hunt leads.

3.7.3 With these sive Hunts, the first change must be made between the four bells in the mids, thus,

2.3.5 132546.

In Ringing tenor, treble, and fecond, there's a fingle bob the first time the whole Hunt comes before the bells.

In all Peals of Grandfire bob, where the first change is either a bob, or a dodge between the four hindmost bells, or else a double change between the four bells in the midst, it must be made at the back-stroke of the bells, otherwise the Peal would out compass all the way, that is, every bell would come to lead at the back-stroke.

In the Eighteen-scere changes before set down there's a line drawn between the figures at every bob, the changes next below each line

is a bob-change.

In the Seven-hundred and twenty changes of Grandfire bob, there are two fingle changes to be made. The first fingle change in any Peal is most commonly made as near the end of Eighteen-score changes (from the beginbing) as may be, and 'tis the best way, and most convenient : For instance, sometimes it happens that one or more of those perfens who do Ring this Peal, may be weary before the, have Rang Fighteen-score changes, therefere upon notice given, the fingle change may be ferborn, and then the bells will in course come round at the end of Eighteen-feore changes, making a complete Peal; but after the fuft fingle change is made, the bells cannot be brought round in course, until the Seven-hundred and twenty are all made.

There is great variety in making the fingle changes in each Peal, which may be made at

divers places (viz.)

The first fingle change in any Peal may be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the last bob-change of the first or second double bobs, at which places the whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, do alwayes lie together before the bells, and the fingle change is to be made in third and fourths places.

The first fingle change in any Peal may also be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the first or second firgle hobs, at which place the whole Hunt and half Hunt do a'wayes lie together before the bells; and the quarter Hunt les behind, therefore it

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Or if the first bob in any Peal is a double bob, then the first single change may be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the third double bob in that Peal, at which place the whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt do lie together before the bells, and the single is made in third and four his places.

Or if the first bob in any Peal is a fingle bob, then the first single change may be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the third single bob; where the whole Hunt and half Hunt do alwayes he together before the bells, and the quarter Hunt behind, therefore

the fingle change must be made behind,

The first fingle change in any Peal may also be made either at the first, second, or third fing'e bobs, at which places the whole Hunt leads, the half Hunt lies in tenors place, and the quarter Hunt in souths place, therefore it

must be made behind.

The first fingle change in any Peal may also be made the next time the wholeHunt leads after the last bob-change of the first or second double bobs, at which place the whole Hunt, and quarter Hunt do alwayes le together before the bells, and the half Hunt in fourths place, therefore the single change must be made in third and fourths places. And in most Peals, the first single change may be made the next time the whole Hunt leads after the last bob-change of the third double bob; and in some Peals, the first single change may be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after

after the third double bob (notwithstanding the first bob-change in that Peal is a single bob, as in the Eighteen-score treble, second and fourth before set down) which falls out according as the first bob change happens to be made either nearer the beginning of the Peal, or farther from it; for in some Peals, the bells will come round in course the next time the whole Hunt leads after the last bob-change of the third double bob. And in many Peals, the bells will come round at the fore-stroke the second time the whole Hunt leads after the last bob-change of the third double bob, &c.

There are two fingle changes in everySevenhundred and twenty, which are alwayes made when the whole Hunt leads, the last fingle change in every Peal being constantly made just Eighteen-score changes from the first; for

making of which, observe these Rules.

If the first fingle change (in any Peal) is made the second time the whole Hant leads after a double bob, then the second fingle change must be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the third double bob, accounting from the place where the first sin-

gle change was made.

If the first fingle change in any Peat is made the second time the whole Hunt leads after a fingle bub, then the second single change must be made the second time the whole Hunt leads after the third single bob, accounting from the place where the first single change was made. Or if the first single change is made at a single bob, then the second single change must be made in the third single bob; accounting from the

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The second single change in every Peal must be made between those two bells, and in the fame place where the first single change was made; and the whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, will in course lie in the same places at the second fingle change, where they lay at the first : either the half Hunt, or quarter Hunt, are alwayes one of the two bells which makes every fingle change. But there are many other wayes to make the lingle changes, wiz. to make them between the half Hunt, and quarter Hunt, at any dodge, where those two bells do dodge together next before a bob; &c. of which I need not fay any thing more in this place, having already fet down all those wayes which are most casie and convenieus to be mactifed.

In Ringing this Peal of Gaandfire bob, (with any whole Hunt, half Hunt, and quarter Hunt) if there's no fingle change made within Eighteen-score changes from the beginning of the Peal, the bells will in coorfe come round in their right places, just at the

end of Eighteen-score changes.

In any Peal of Grandfire bob, where the first is a double change, and made as the backftroke, the last change of the Peal (which brings the bells round in their right places) is a treble change, and made at the foreftroke.

The Seven-hundred and twenty changes of Grandfire Bob may be Rang without making any fingle change therein, which way of Rin-

ging it, is call'd Grandfire Bob True I that is ? the changes are all true trebles and doubles without any fingle change therein. There are made two double changes (contrary to the course of all the double changes in the Peal) to fupply the place of the two fingle changes, which two are called True changes; and to be made divers wayes, and at feveral places, The first true change in any Peal may be made at the first, second, or third double bobs either at the first or second bob-change of each. At the first bob-change of any double bob it may be made, by moving the Bell in fourths place down under two Bells at once into the feconds place, and the two hindmost Bells must make a change at the fame time : for Example, in the Eighteen-score of treble second and fourth before set down, at the first bob-change of the first double Bob, the Bells stand thus, 141516. Now the true change is made, by moving the Bell which lies in fourths place down under two Bells at once into feconds place, and the two hindmost Bells are at the fame time to make a change thus, 154361. At this place it may be made another way, by moving the hindmost Bell down under two Bells at once into the fourths place, and the two Bells in second and thirds places are at the fame time to make a change thus, 134612. At the last Bob-change of each double Bob,it may also be made two wayes; one of which, is to move the Bell in fourths down into the feconds place, and the two hindmost Bells at the same time to make a change, as I shewed you before: But the best and easiest way is to move

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move the bell whith lies in fourths place up over two bells at once into the tenors place, and the two bells in fecond and thirds places to make a change as at a bob: for inftance, at the last bob-change of the first double bob in the Eighteen-score before set down, the figures stand thus, 143653. Now the bell in fourths place must be moved up behind, and the two bells in fecond and thirds places are to make a change, 134526. The second True change in every Peal must be made just Eighteen-Score changes from the first in making of which, these Rules are to be observed. If the first true change in any Peal is made at the first bob-change of a double bob, then the second true change must be made at the first bob-change of the third double bob, accounting from the place where the first true change is made, but not reckoning that for one of the three : or if the first true change is made at the last bob-change of a double bob, then the second true change must be made at the last bob change of the third' double bob, accounting from the place where the first true change was made, but not reckoning that for one of the three, And the second true change in every Peal must be made in the fame manner and place as the first, the true and fingle changes in Grandfire bob, are both to one and the fame effect (i.e.) to alter the course of the extream bells; for in making these changes, the whole hunt, half hunt, and quarter hunt are to continue their constant course without varition, neither of those a bells being any otherwife concerned therein, than at the change which should have been made, if the single or true change had been forborn.

There is another way to Ring this Peal of Grandfire Bob, by a course differing from the former. When the whole Hunt leads, the half Hunt lies in fifths place, and the quarter Hunt in fourths place, then the next change is a fingle bob; and when the whole Hunt leads, and the half Hunt lies in fifths place, and the quarter Hunt in thirds place, then the new change is the first bob-change of a double bob; the bobs and dodge-changes herein are made in the fame manner, as those in the former way: But the bobs herein are called by a Rule differing from the former, viz. when the whole Hunt and half Hunt do lie together before the bells, and the quarter Hunt flying in fourths place) dodges with the bell in thirds place, then the second time the whole Hunt comes before the bells (from that place) there is made the first bob-change of a double bob, the fecond bob-change being made the next time the whole Hunt leads after. When the whole Hunt and half Hunt do lie together before the bells, and the quarter Hunt (lying in fifths place) dodges with the bell in tenors place, then the fecond time the whole Hunt leads (from that place) is made a fingle bob.

There are two fingle changes in the Sevenhundred and twenty, the first fingle change in any Peal may be made at the first, second, or third fingle bobs, at which places it must be made between the a hindmost bells; or the first fingle change may be made the next time the whole Hunt leads after the first, second, or third fingle bobs, at which places tis always

made

made between the two hindmost bells. The first single change may also be made the next time the whole Hunt leads after the last bobchange of the first, second, or third double bobs, where it must alwayes be made in third and fourths places. But in some few Peals it happens, that the bells will come round at the sore-stroke the next time the whole Hunt leads after the third single bobs and also after the last bob-change of the third double bob, which falls out according as the first bob-change in each Peal is made; either nearer the beginning, or farther off.

The second single change (in every Peal)
must be made Eighteen-score changes from the
furth, in making of which, these Rules must be

observed.

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If the first single change is made at a single bob, then the second single change must be made as the third single bob from the place where the sirst was made. Or if the first single change is made the next time the whole Hunt leads after a single bob, then the second single change must be made the next time the whole Hunt leads after the third single bob, accounting from the place where the first single change was made. And the same Rule is observed in making it after a double bob.

The second single change in every Peal must be made in the same place, and between those two bells which made the first single change:

But (in Ringing this Peal) if you make no single change, the bells will in course come sound at the end of Eighteen-score changes.

The way to begin feveral of these Peals, is so follows. Ka In

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In Ringing treble, third, and fith; and 60cond, third, and fifth; and also third, fifth, and fecond; the first change is treble, and the next double, and fo forward in the common course of trebles and doubles, until the first Bob in each comes to be made. In treble, second and third, the first changes are treble and double in the common courfe; and the fecond time the treble leads, there's a double Bob. In treble. tenor and fecond, the first changes are treble and double in the common course; and the Second time the treble leads, there's a fingle Bob. In treble, second and fifth, the first change is a dodge between the four hindmost Bells; and the second time the treble leads, there's a fingle Bob. In second, fourth and tenor, the first change is made between the 4 Bells in the midft. In treble, fecond and fourth, the first change is a dodge behind; and the fecond time the treble leads, there's a double Bob.

Changes on eight Bells.

There are 40320 feveral changes on bells, which to Ring it is altogether impossible; the greatest Peal that ever was Rang on Bells, is 1680, being only a third part of the changes on seven Bells, which are to be Rang with a whole Hunt, half Hunt, quarter Hunt, half quarter Hunt (for so you may term it) and three extream Bells: But the most complete and musical Peal that ever was Rang on eight Bells, is Grandsire Bob, treble, second and sith, Half-pulls, on 1.2.3.5.6.7. the fourth and the tenor lying behind every change, thus, 123567248. which has of late been practifed

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by the Calledge-Youths, and excellently well performed by them. Grandfire, and Tendring Six-score on eight Bells makes good Musick, 7.4.8. lying behind every change: And a Six-score (four extreams) on the Six Bells in the midst, the treble leading all the way, and the tenor lying behind, making a change at first between the 4 and 5, and then proceeds forward in the Six-score, making the second the whole Hunt, and the seventh the half Hunt, it makes excellent Musick; but after the Six score changes are made, the fourth and fifth must change their places again to bring the Bells round.

35678,341. The most musical Peals that are 12377,864 commonly Rang on eight Bells, 12357,3468 are these Six-scores on five, the other three Bells lying behind 12356,748 every change: For example, the uppermost fig. are 35678,241. Are the 35678, makes the Six-score changes, the whole hunt, and 8 the half. Hunt, or any others, and 2 4 1. Strikes behind every change, in the same order as they now lie, and so of the rest. The three Bells which are to lie behind, must first be hunted up one after the other in order, before any of the Six-score changes are made. The Seven-score and four on the six middle Bells, the treble leading, and the tear lying behind every change, makes good Mussick.

Of Hanging Beis.

First, for the Stock, much reed not be a'd.
but of placing the Cances or Crown of
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the Bell into it, which is called Hanging of a Bell. I shall speak something: First, find out whether the Cannons be upright and true then raise the Bell up by someRope tyed to the Cannons, and fo that the Bell hang level, which you may find, by applying a Plumet to the brim, then faften a firing to the Crown-Raple within the Bell, then (a Plumet being tyed to the other end of the firing) if the firing hang in the midft between the two fides of the Bell whereon the Clapper should strike, the Crown-staple is cast into the Bell true: Now when you have hung the Bell, and let the Gudgeons in true by Keys (for therein confifts the main point of the going of a Bell) then if the Clapper hang in the midft between the two thiking fides, and the Stock stand upright, the Bell is well hung.

If a Bell have a longer stroke on the one side, than the other, truls up that fide which hath the short stroke more or let the other side down, and put a piece or two of Leather in, according to the stroke; but sometimes the fault of the stroke is in the Sally, which you may remedy, by tying the Fillet (or little Cord about the rim of the Wheel, which causeth the dancing of the Rope) nearers, or farther of the man Spoke, nearer makes a short stroke,

farther off the Spoke, a long one.

And observe, that the trusting or taking up of a great Bell far into the Stock by a notch, makes the Bell go easier, and lie lighter at hand (that is) when it is set; for the farther the brim of the Bell is from the course of gravity, the heavier it is: Now the course of gravity, the heavier it is:

vity is a supposed line drawn through the Stock from one Gudgeon to the other; but note, if you truss a Bell up, that the Crown-staple be much above the Gudgeons, you must fasten a false Eye hang the Clapper, otherwise it will not firike so freely: Now small Bells must be trussed up short, for else the Bell hanging low, and setching a great Compass in the swing, and having but little Compass in the swing, and having but little Compass in the swing, and having but little Compass in the brim, the Clapper keeps along by the side of the Bell, and gives no blow at all; but being hung short, the Bell fetches a quick and short Compass, equal to the bigness of the brim, and the Clap-

per ftrikes well.

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Now for the tempering of the Gudgeons, I leave it to the judgment of the Workman; but a word or two of the polifhing of it. After it is filed, or turned exactly round, take two pieces of Oak, and oyl one fide of each, and flrew fine Sand thereon, and clap them in a Smiths Vice, with the round of the Gudgeon between, then turn it about, until you think it is fufficiently polifhed, then oyl the fides of the pieces of Oak wherein there is no Sand, and to clap them in a Vice, with the Gudgeon between, as before, then turn it round, and it will polish the Gudgeon wonderful smooth; and if the Braffes are likewise well polished, the Bell will go as well at the first, as ever : Now by the neglect of this, the roughness of the Gudgeon will wear the Braffes fo unequally, that the Bell will never go smooth and steddy.

Now I would advise ale Pell hangers to hang Bells with balts of Iron to come from

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the Cannons through the Stock, and to faffen them with Keys at the top of the Stock, and not with plates nailed on the fides; for they are mighty inconvenient to faften a bell that is loofe in the Stock; or to alter the stroke.

As for the Rowle, let it not be without, nor within the hollow of the fide of the Wheel; nor above, nor below the hollow at the bottom of the Wheel. Now the bigger a Wheel is, if the Frame will permit, the bell will go the better; when the wheel is new, nail Stays from the Stock to each Spoke, to keep it from

warping.

Tis very convenient (if the Frame will permit) to faften a piece of Timber about half a foot long on the end of the main Spoke at the top of the Wheel (whereon the end of the bell-rope is fafted) with a notch on the end of it; so at the setting of the bell, the Rope will hit into that notch from the Rowle, and this will make the bell lie ensier at hand when it is set, and she besser.

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